

Greater Nottingham  
Planning Partnership



# Publication Draft: Sustainability Appraisal Report

## Appendix B: Baseline data

September 2024



# **Introduction**

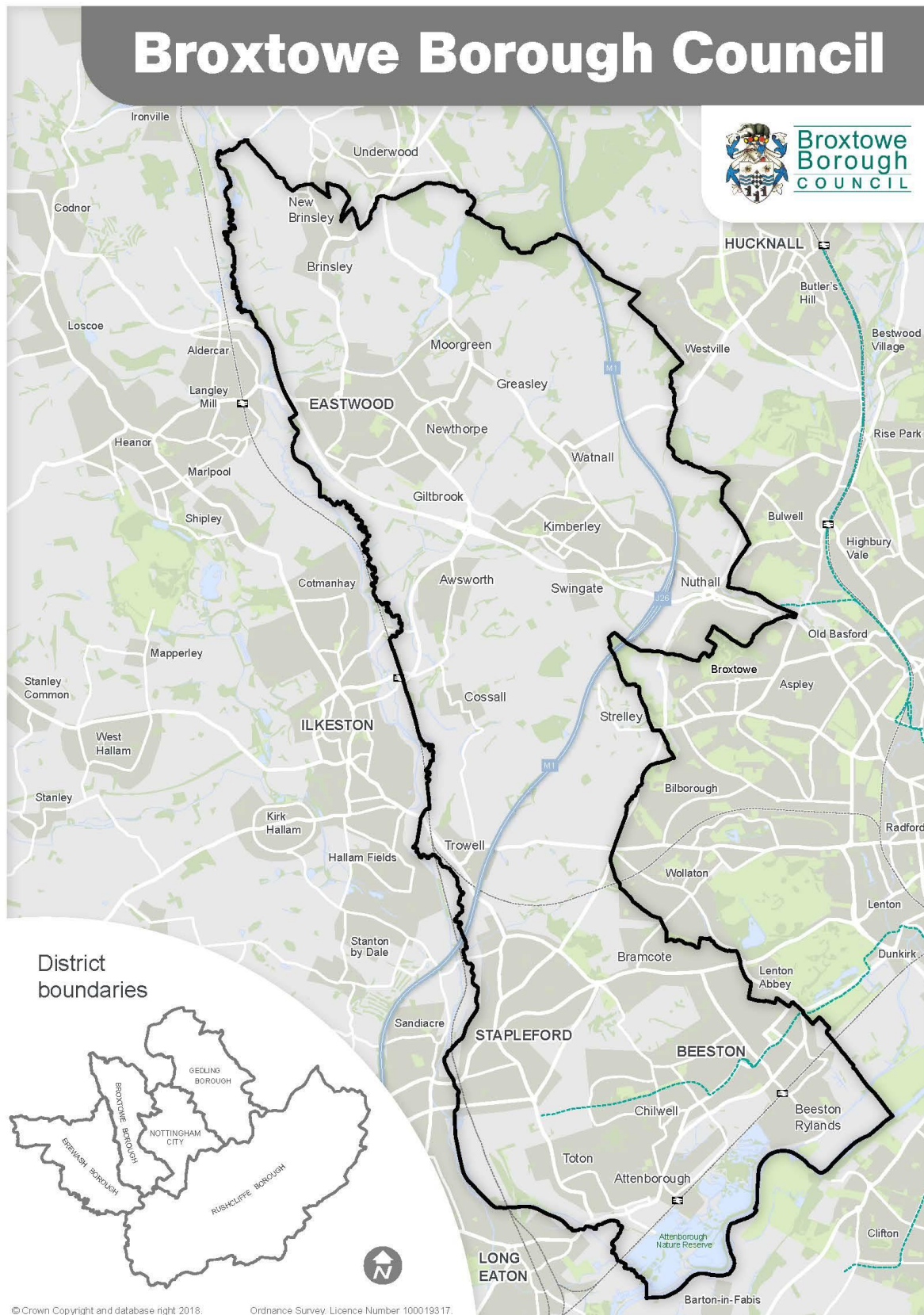
**This appendix updates and supersedes Appendix B of the Scoping Report (July 2020).**

This is an appendix which provides the baseline data for the four council administrative areas (Broxtowe, Gedling, Nottingham City and Rushcliffe). The baseline data has been divided into different themes as shown on the list below. For information, the data is provided for the council area as a whole and does not include data at ward or parish level.

It should be noted that Appendix B of the Scoping Report (July 2020) included baseline data related to Erewash Borough Council administrative area. As Erewash Borough Council has prepared a separate Strategic Plan and a separate Sustainability Appraisal, the baseline data related to Erewash Borough Council is not included in this updated appendix.

Characteristics of the council administrative areas .....	2
Population and demographics .....	7
Economy .....	15
Town centres.....	28
Healthy and safe communities .....	33
Transport.....	36
Effective use of land.....	43
Green Belt.....	45
Climate change and flooding.....	46
Natural environment.....	51
Historic environment.....	62
Sustainable use of materials .....	72
Traveller sites.....	73

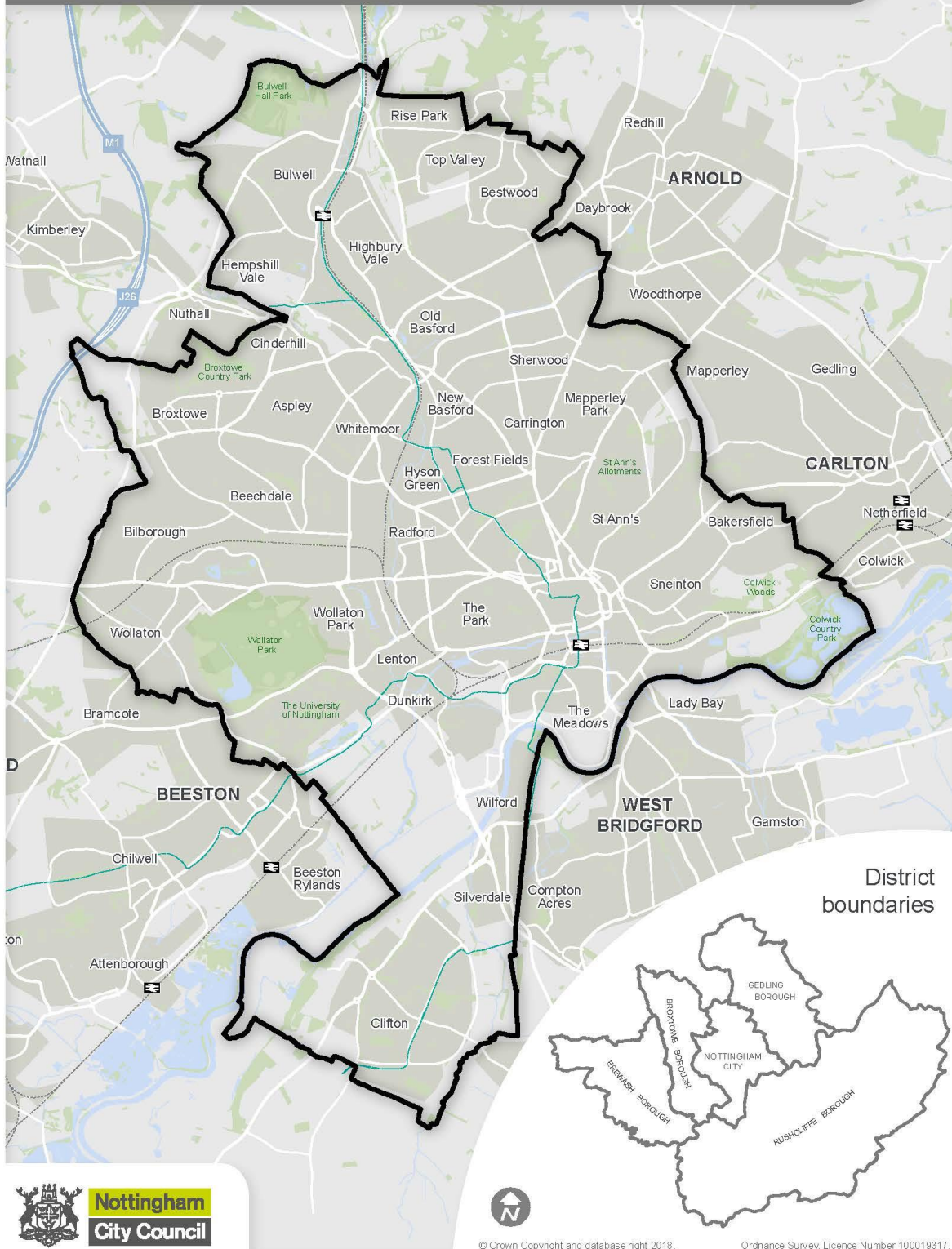
## Characteristics of the council administrative areas



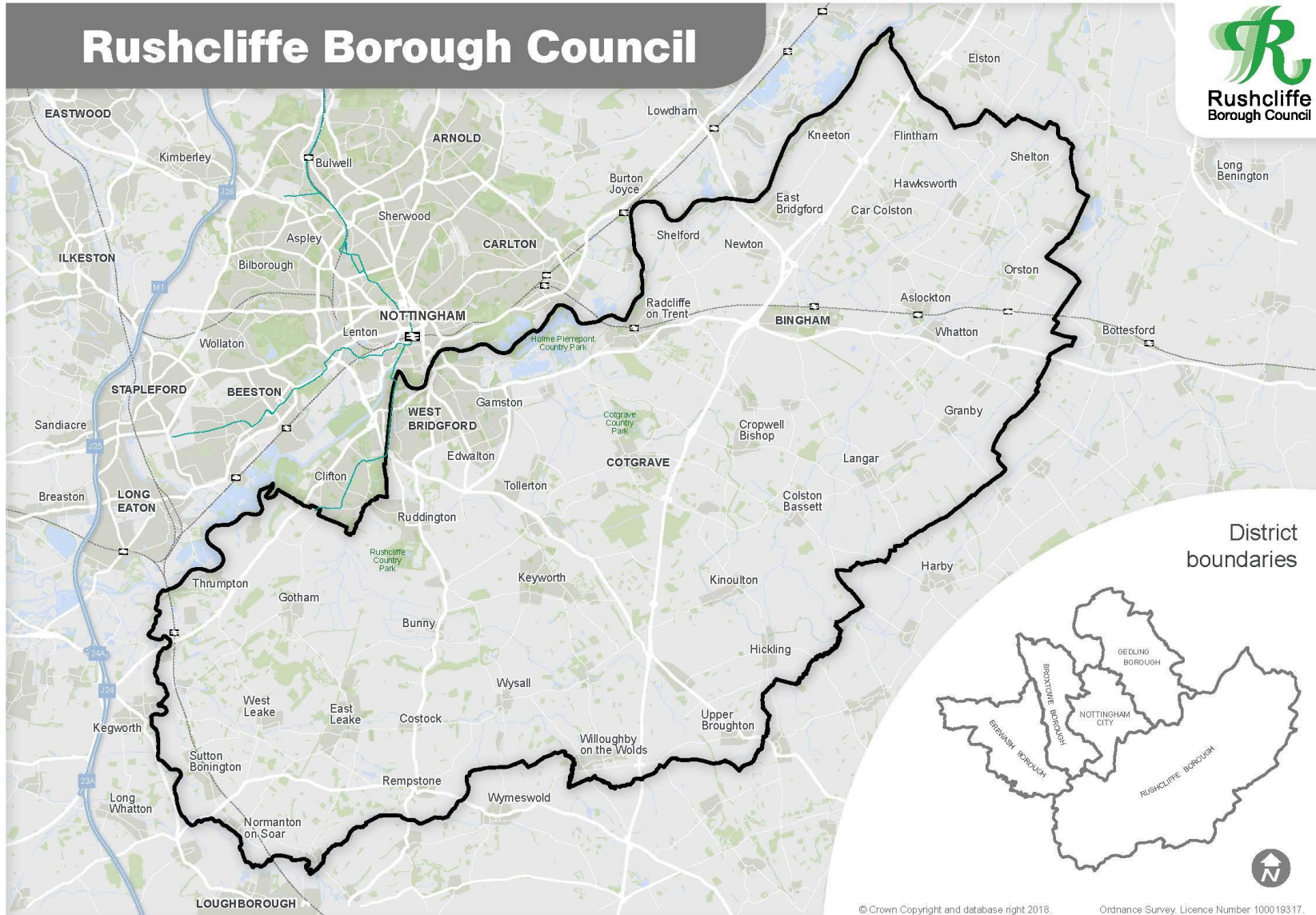
# Gedling Borough Council



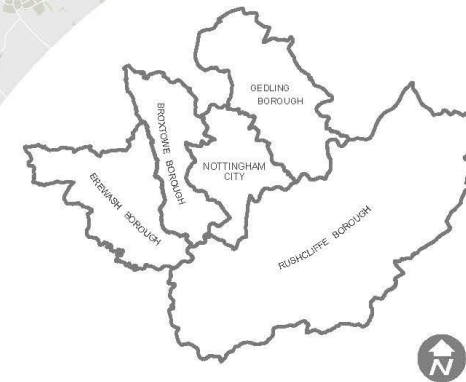
# Nottingham City Council



# Rushcliffe Borough Council



District boundaries



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Ordnance Survey. Licence Number 100019317.

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Size of administrative area (ha)</b></p> <p>Size of the council area by hectares.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	8,010 ha	11,998 ha	7,461 ha	40,920 ha
<p><b>Population density (people per ha)</b></p> <p>Figures based on data from “Size of administrative area (ha)” and “Population – total”.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website (Dataset TS006 – Population Density)<sup>1</sup></p>	13.8	9.8	43.4	2.9

<sup>1</sup> <https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/datasets/c2021ts006>

## Population and demographics

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Population – total</b>	2021: 110,900	<u>2021</u> : 117,300	2021: 323,600	2021: 119,000
Total number of population.	2011: 109,700	2011: 113,700	2011: 303,900	2011: 111,200
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website				
<b>Population – by males and females</b>	<u>2021</u> Males: 56,700 Females: 54,200	<u>2021</u> Males: 60,400 Females: 56,900	<u>2021</u> Males: 164,700 Females: 159,000	<u>2021</u> Males: 60,700 Females: 58,300
Number of males and females of the population. Figures do not always tally with the figures as shown in “Population – total”.	<u>2017</u> Males: 56,000 Females: 56,700	<u>2017</u> Males: 57,100 Females: 60,000	<u>2017</u> Males: 166,800 Females: 162,400	<u>2017</u> Males: 57,100 Females: 58,900
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website	<u>2011</u> Males: 54,300 Females: 55,500	<u>2011</u> Males: 55,500 Females: 58,300	<u>2011</u> Males: 153,200 Females: 150,700	<u>2011</u> Males: 54,800 Females: 56,500
<b>Population – black and minority ethnic (BME)</b>	2021: 15.5%	2021: 14.4%	2021: 42.7%	2021: 13.9%
Percentage of the population which consists of black and minority ethnic groups (i.e. all categories except White British).	2011: 10.5%	2011: 9.7%	2011: 34.6%	2011: 9.7%
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website	2001: 6.8%	2001: 6.1%	2001: 18.9%	2001: 6.7%



	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Population – young people</b>	2021: 8,917 (8.0%)	2021: 7,273 (6.2%)	2021: 65,231 (20.2%)	2021: 8,699 (7.3%)
Number and percentage of the population aged 18 to 24.	2017: 8,600 (7.4%)	2017: 8,100 (6.9%)	2017: 66,000 (20.1%)	2017: 8,400 (7.2%)
	2011: 8,700 (7.7%)	2011: 8,800 (7.7%)	2011: 57,800 (19.0%)	2011: 8,800 (7.9%)
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website				
<b>Population – working age</b>	2021: 68,319 (61.6%)	2021: 71,170 (60.7%)	2021: 226,351 (70.0%)	2021: 71,983 (60.4%)
Number and percentage of the population aged 16 to 64 years.	2017: 70,000 (64.6%)	2017: 71,900 (61.4%)	2017: 229,900 (69.8%)	2017: 70,300 (61%)
	2016: 69,900 (62.3%)	2016: 72,100 (61.8%)	2016: 227,100 (69.8%)	2016: 70,300 (61%)
	2015: 70,100 (62.7%)	2015: 72,000 (62.0%)	2015: 222,500 (69.8%)	2015: 70,300 (61%)
	2014: 70,100 (62.9%)	2014: 72,100 (62.3%)	2014: 219,100 (69.7%)	2014: 70,000 (62%)
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website	2011: 70,900 (64.6%)	2011: 70,100 (63.0%)	2011: 212,600 (70%)	2011: 70,100 (63%)
<b>Population –65 or over</b>	2021; 24,224 (21.8%)	2021: 25,285 (21.6%)	2021; 37,965 (11.7%)	2021; 25,741 (21.3%)
Number and percentage of the population at the age of 65 or over.	2017: 23,400 (20.8%)	2017: 24,200 (20.7%)	2017: 37,800 (11.5%)	2017: 24,300 (21.0%)
	2016: 23,100 (20.6%)	2016: 23,800 (20.4%)	2016: 37,500 (11.6%)	2016: 23,800 (20.7%)
	2015: 22,700 (20.3%)	2015: 23,500 (20.2%)	2015: 37,200 (11.7%)	2015: 23,400 (20.4%)
	2014: 22,300 (20.0%)	2014: 23,100 (19.9%)	2014: 37,000 (11.8%)	2014: 22,900 (20.2%)
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website	2011: 20,200 (18.4%)	2011: 21,200 (18.6%)	2011: 35,600 (11.7%)	2011: 20,600 (18.5%)

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>English Index of Multiple Deprivation</b></p> <p>The local authority district with a rank of 1 is the most deprived, and 317 the least deprived for 2019 (326 the least deprived for 2010 and 2015).</p> <p>At the time of publication of the IMD 2019 there were 317 local authorities in England. At the time of publication of the IMD 2010 and IMD 2015 there were 326 local authorities in England. For clarification, the 'rank of average score' figures are used.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website<sup>2</sup> (File 10: local authority district summaries)</p>	<p><u>2019:</u> 220 out of 317</p> <p><u>2015:</u> 218 out of 326</p> <p><u>2010:</u> 216 out of 326</p> <p>See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Broxtowe.</p> <p>Online map is available at the following webpage <a href="http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#">http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#</a></p>	<p><u>2019:</u> 209 out of 317</p> <p><u>2015:</u> 203 out of 326</p> <p><u>2010:</u> 199 out of 326</p> <p>See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Gedling.</p> <p>Online map is available at the following webpage <a href="http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#">http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#</a></p>	<p><u>2019:</u> 11 out of 317</p> <p><u>2015:</u> 8 out of 326</p> <p><u>2010:</u> 20 out of 326</p> <p>See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Nottingham City.</p> <p>Online map is available at the following webpage <a href="http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#">http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#</a></p>	<p><u>2019:</u> 314 out of 317</p> <p><u>2015:</u> 319 out of 326</p> <p><u>2010:</u> 318 out of 326</p> <p>See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Rushcliffe.</p> <p>Online map is available at the following webpage <a href="http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#">http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#</a></p>

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/english-indices-of-deprivation>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Number of housing completions (net)</b>	<u>2011 to 2023</u> 2,583	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 3,746	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 14,354	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 6,747
Net housing completions include new build dwellings, conversions and changes of use and take account of existing dwelling losses. Main figures also include purpose-built student dwellings (units only).	2022/23: 332 2021/22: 306 2020/21: 267 2019/20: 236 2018/19: 301 2017/18: 324 2016/17: 285	2022/23: 690 2021/22: 357 2020/21: 310 2019/20: 360 2018/19: 286 2017/18: 237 2016/17: 198	2022/23: 1,944 2021/22: 1,722 2020/21: 1,407 2019/20: 1,806 2018/19: 1,456 2017/18: 1,393 2016/17: 974	2022/23: 1,150 2021/22: 1,011 2020/21: 650 2019/20: 494 2018/19: 760 2017/18: 593 2016/17: 528
* The figure is higher than the net completions figure due to a large number of demolitions and other dwelling losses during that year (a net change of -22 dwellings).	2015/16: 100 2014/15: 78 2013/14: 150 2012/13: 67 2011/12: 140	2015/16: 174 2014/15: 311 2013/14: 321 2012/13: 227 2011/12: 275	2015/16: 947 2014/15: 1,022 2013/14: 463 2012/13: 799 2011/12: 422	2015/16: 487 2014/15: 373 2013/14: 199 2012/13: 209 2011/12: 293
<u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	Purpose-built student dwellings including conversions <u>2011 to 2023:</u> 45  2022/23: 0 2021/22: 0 2020/21: 5 2019/20: 24 2018/19: 16 No data available for 2011/12 to 2017/18.	No purpose-built student dwellings built.	Purpose-built student dwellings <u>2011 to 2023:</u> 7,311 2022/23: 1,006 2021/22: 965 2020/21: 734 2019/20: 662 2018/19: 588 2017/18: 615 2016/17: 940 2015/16: 206 2014/15: 364 2013/14: 297 2012/13: 490 2011/12: 444 *	No purpose-built student dwellings built.

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of housing completions – affordable</b></p> <p>Affordable housing includes social rented, affordable rented and intermediate housing. It can be a new-build property or a private sector property that has been purchased for use as an affordable home.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 411 (16%)</p> <p>2022/23: 67 (20%) 2021/22: 40 (13%) 2020/21: 38 (14%) 2019/20: 16 (7%) 2018/19: 43 (14%) 2017/18: 8 (2%) 2016/17: 20 (7%) 2015/16: 23 (23%) 2014/15: 55 (70%) 2013/14: 56 (37%) 2012/13: 13 (12%) 2011/12: 32 (23%)</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 530 (14%)</p> <p>2022/23: 124 (18%) 2021/22: 37 (10%) 2020/21: 7 (2%) 2019/20: 19 (5%) 2018/19: 50 (17%) 2017/18: 52 (22%) 2016/17: 39 (20%) 2015/16: 18 (10%) 2014/15: 38 (12%) 2013/14: 56 (17%) 2012/13: 36 (16%) 2011/12: 54 (20%)</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 1,615 (11%)</p> <p>2022/23: 107 (11.4%) 2021/22: 75 (9.8%) 2020/21: 83 (12.3%) 2019/20: 19 (1.6%) 2018/19: 173 (19.5%) 2017/18: 267 (33%) 2016/17: 141 (21%) 2015/16: 254 (34%) 2014/15: 161 (24%) 2013/14: 88 (17%) 2012/13: 92 (25%) 2011/12: 155 (56%)</p> <p>All gross figures excluding purpose-built student dwellings.</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 1,328 (20%)</p> <p>2022/23: 335 (29%) 2021/22: 174 (17%) 2020/21: 92 (14%) 2019/20: 108 (22%) 2018/19: 210 (28%) 2017/18: 128 (22%) 2016/17: 78 (15%) 2015/16: 96 (20%) 2014/15: 51 (14%) 2013/14: 1 (0.5%) 2012/13: 42 (20%) 2011/12: 13 (4%)</p>
<p><b>Census 2021 housing type – by dwelling type</b></p> <p>Number of detached houses, semi-detached houses, terrace houses and flats, maisonettes or apartments in 2011.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website</p>	<p>All dwellings: 48,275</p> <p>Detached house: 17,519 Semi-detached house: 17,392 Terraced house: 7,816 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 5,548</p>	<p>All dwellings: 51,330</p> <p>Detached house: 20,119 Semi-detached house: 17,741 Terraced house: 7,672 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 5,798</p>	<p>All dwellings: 124,591</p> <p>Detached house: 19,464 Semi-detached house: 41,519 Terraced house: 34,147 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 29,461</p>	<p>All dwellings: 49,497</p> <p>Detached house: 23,373 Semi-detached house: 15,394 Terraced house: 5,600 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 5,130</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of housing completions – by dwelling type and size</b></p> <p>Number of houses/bungalows and flats, maisonettes or apartments by bedroom size since 2011. Figures exclude conversions and changes of use.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:-</u> Houses/bungalows 1 bed: 59 (2%) 2 bed: 373 (14%) 3 bed: 852 (33%) 4+ bed: 721 (28%)</p> <p>Flats, maisonettes or apartments 1 bed: 435 (17%) 2 bed: 324 (13%) 3 bed: 29 (1%) 4+ bed: 76 (3%)</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:-</u> Houses/bungalows 1 bed: 27 (1%) 2 bed: 473 (13%) 3 bed: 1,052 (30%) 4+ bed: 1,428 (40%)</p> <p>Flats, maisonettes or apartments 1 bed: 214 (6%) 2 bed: 337 (10%) 3 bed: 0 (0%) 4+ bed: 0 (0%)</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:-</u> 1 bed: 35.9% 2 bed 31.5% 3 bed: 24.8% 4+ bed: 13.6%</p> <p>Figures are not available. Only the percentages are provided.</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:-</u> Houses/bungalows 1 bed: 78(1.2%) 2 bed: 1,000(14.8%) 3 bed: 1,834(27.1%) 4+bed: 2,603 (38.5%)</p> <p>Flats, maisonettes or apartments 1 bed: 542(8%) 2 bed: 648(9.6%) 3 bed: 48(0.7%) 4+ bed: 11(0.1%)</p>
<p><b>Average house prices</b></p> <p>Average house prices for all property types (detached, semi-detached, terraced and flats).</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> HM Land Registry UK House Price Index <a href="http://landregistry.data.gov.uk/app/ukhpi">http://landregistry.data.gov.uk/app/ukhpi</a></p>	<p><u>July 2023</u> <u>£249,735</u></p> <p><u>March 2019</u> £184,288</p> <p><u>March 2011</u> £135,441</p> <p><u>Nottinghamshire</u> <u>July 2023:</u> <u>£232,472</u></p> <p>March 2019: £174,500</p> <p>March 2011: £128,774</p>	<p><u>July 2023</u> £241,699</p> <p><u>March 2019</u> £183,758</p> <p><u>March 2011</u> £130,592</p> <p><u>Nottinghamshire</u> See Broxtowe column for data</p>	<p><u>July 2023</u> <u>£195,187</u></p> <p><u>March 2019</u> £141,976</p> <p><u>March 2011</u> £98,274</p> <p><u>Nottinghamshire:</u> See Broxtowe column for data</p>	<p><u>July 2023</u> <u>£348,707</u></p> <p><u>March 2019</u> £273,957</p> <p><u>March 2011</u> £195,468</p> <p><u>Nottinghamshire</u> See Broxtowe column for data</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Number of homelessness acceptances</b>	2022/23: 353	2022/23: 286	2022/23: 429	2022/23: 31
	2021/22: 352	2021/22: 268	2021/22: 393	2021/22: 26
	2020/21: 192	2020/21: 288	2020/21: 397	2020/21: 6
Number of households accepted as homeless and in priority need. The Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 came into force on 3 April 2018 and it has extended the definition of homelessness.	2019/20: 325	2019/20: 358	2019/20: 294	2019/20: 4
	2018/19: 199	2018/19: 351	2018/19: unavailable	2018/19: 3
	2017/18: 16	2017/18: 99	2017/18: 541	2017/18: 28
	2016/17: 12	2016/17: 100	2016/17: 492	2016/17: 22
	2015/16: 9	2015/16: 75	2015/16: 597	2015/16: 20
	2014/15: 10	2014/15: 74	2014/15: 532	2014/15: 14
	2013/14: 10	2013/14: 51	2013/14: 449	2013/14: 13
<u>Source:-</u>	2012/13: 10	2012/13: 56	2012/13: 481	2012/13: 33
Local authorities	2011/12: 3	2011/12: 63	2011/12: 617	2011/12: 34

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of vacant dwellings – by type</b></p> <p>Number of vacant dwellings.</p> <p>Up until April 2013, dwellings undergoing major structural repairs for up to 12 months and those vacant for less than 6 months were eligible for a council tax exemption (Class A and C respectively). In April 2013, these exemptions were replaced with a new flexible discount which applied to all empty properties. Local authorities are now entitled to apply any level of discount from 0% to 100% to all empty properties.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website<sup>3</sup> (Table 615 All vacant dwellings by local authority district, England)</p>	<p><u>2022:</u> All vacants: 1,377 LA owned: 151 Private Register Provider: 9 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2018:</u> All vacants: 1,258 LA owned: 41 Private Register Provider: 14 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2011:</u> All vacants: 1,526 LA owned: 74 Private Register Provider: 33 Other Public Sector: 74</p>	<p><u>2022:</u> All vacants: 1,357 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 24 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2018:</u> All vacants: 1,313 LA owned: 2 Private Register Provider: 37 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2011:</u> All vacants: 1,737 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 35 Other Public Sector: 0</p>	<p><u>2022:</u> All vacants: 4,559 LA owned: 456 Private Register Provider: 69 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2018:</u> All vacants: 4,116 LA owned: 347 Private Register Provider: 63 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2011:</u> All vacants: 4,572 LA owned: 842 Private Register Provider: 163 Other Public Sector: 26</p>	<p><u>2022:</u> All vacants: 1,280 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 69 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2018:</u> All vacants: 1,231 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 15 Other Public Sector: no data</p> <p><u>2011:</u> All vacants: 1,375 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 34 Other Public Sector: 65</p>

<sup>3</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/live-tables-on-dwelling-stock-including-vacants>

## Economy

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Number of employee jobs</b>	2021: 36,500	2021: 31,500	2021: 200,400	2021: 41,000
	2020: 35,300	2020: 30,300	2020: 194,200	2020: 41,600
Employee job numbers from Business Register and Employment Survey. An employee is defined as anyone aged 16 years or over that is paid directly from the payroll, in return for carrying out a full-time or part-time job or being on a training scheme. Employment includes employees plus the number of working owners who receive drawings or a share of the profits. Full-time is defined as working more than 30 hours per week with part-time defined as working 30 hours or less per week.	2019: 37,200	2019: 29,500	2019: 197,100	2019: 42,400
	2018: 37,100	2018: 30,900	2018: 195,500	2018: 42,100
	2017: 38,500	2017: 32,400	2017: 196,500	2017: 40,400
	2016: 36,300	2016: 31,400	2016: 219,000	2016: 40,600
	2015: 35,600	2015: 30,300	2015: 215,300	2015: 38,900
<u>Source:-</u> ONS website				



## Key Employers

The below list of top 20 key employers is from the list of Nottinghamshire's Top 200 Companies for 2022 released by Nottingham Post. Nottingham Trent University's Nottingham Business School has compiled the list which ranks businesses by turnover.

Source:-

[Nottinghamshire's Top 200 Businesses 2022: The Top 20 - Business Live \(business-live.co.uk\)](https://www.business-live.co.uk/nottinghamshire-top-200-businesses-2022-the-top-20)

1 BOOTS UK LIMITED

BOOTS MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

THE BOOTS COMPANY PLC

BOOTS OPTICIANS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LIMITED

Company Description: Pharmacy-led health and beauty retailing.

2019 Rank: 1

Revenue: £8.68 billion

Number of employees: 43,742

2 PENDRAGON PLC

Company Description: Retailing of used and new vehicles & repair of vehicles (aftersales). Also provides dealer management software.

2019 Rank: 2

Revenue: £4.5 billion

Number of employees: 43,742

3 FRASERS GROUP PLC

Company Description: Retailing wholesale distribution and sale of sports and leisure clothing, footwear and equipment under group owned or licensed brands.

2019 Rank: 3

Revenue: £3.95 billion

Number of employees: 30,179

4 AMALGAMATED HOLDINGS WILKINSON LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged as high street retailers offering a wide range of value quality products for the family.

2019 Rank: 4

Revenue: £1.46 billion

Number of employees: 18,351

#### 5 STAFFLINE GROUP PLC

Company Description: Workforce recruitment and management organisation.

2019 Rank: 6

Revenue: £1.07 billion

Number of employees: 2,798

#### 6 LANGLEY HOLDINGS PLC

Company Description: A group engaged in the design, manufacture, maintenance and repair of mechanical handling equipment, process plant, road tankers & in cementious grouts and energy.

2019 Rank: 7

Revenue: £694,080,000

Number of employees: 4,440

#### 7 EXPERIAN LIMITED

Company Description: The provision of bureau and information services for consumer credit control, business information, direct marketing and credit account management.

2019 Rank: 8

Revenue: £576,000,000

Number of employees: 3,081

#### 8 CAPITAL ONE (EUROPE) PLC

Company Description: The provision of banking, financial and related services.

2019 Rank: 9

Revenue: £487,177, 000

Number of employees: 1,209

#### 9 CENTER PARCS (HOLDINGS 1) LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged in the operation of short break holiday villages.

2019 Rank: 10

Revenue: £443,700,000

Number of employees: 8,716

#### 10 XMA LIMITED

Company Description: The provision of computer products and services.

2019 Rank: 11

Revenue: £413,377,000

Number of employees: 477

#### 11 VISION EXPRESS (UK) LIMITED

Company Description: Provider of optical goods and services.

2019 Rank: 15

Revenue: £325,279,000

Number of employees: 4,242

#### 12 SANDICLIFFE MOTOR HOLDINGS LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged in the sale, repair and hire of motor vehicles.

2019 Rank: 14

Revenue: £319,784,000

Number of employees: 693

#### 13 ADDO FOOD GROUP (HOLDINGS) LTD

Company Description: A group engaged in the manufacture of chilled savoury pastry for the retail, impulse and foodservice markets.

2019 Rank: 16

Revenue: £312,471,000

Number of employees: 2,722

#### 14 ENVA TOPCO LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged in the provision of end-to-end waste management solutions.

2019 Rank: 22  
Revenue: £292,554,000  
Number of employees: 1,591

#### 15 AMTRUST EUROPE LIMITED

Company Description: Group specialising in the underwriting of general insurance, including property damage and caravan insurance, legal expenses, personal accident guarantees and warranty insurance.

2019 Rank: 17  
Revenue: £284,018,000  
Number of employees: 94

#### 16 GAMES WORKSHOP GROUP PLC

Company Description: International manufacturer, wholesaler and retailer of tabletop games and miniatures.

2019 Rank: 22  
Revenue: £269,700,000  
Number of employees: 2,188

#### 17 BUZZ GROUP LIMITED

Company Description: Group involved in gambling and betting activities

2019 Rank: Not ranked  
Revenue: £256,889,000  
Number of employees: 3,582

#### 18 CCS MEDIA LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged in the supply of IT-related products and services.

2019 Rank: 21  
Revenue: £244,009,000  
Number of employees: 487

#### 19 MULTI PACKAGING SOLUTIONS UK LIMITED

Company Description: The design, manufacture and sale of printed cartons, composite containers and packaging machinery systems.

2019 Rank: 20  
Revenue: £237,819,000  
Number of employees: 1,737

#### 20 BIRMINGHAM HIGHWAYS LIMITED

Company Description: Firm involved in the maintenance, finance and operation of highways in Birmingham as part of the Birmingham Highways PFI Project.

2019 Rank: Not ranked  
Revenue: £236,123,000  
Number of employees: N/A

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Employment and unemployment rate</b></p> <p>Proportion of people who are in paid work and unemployed.</p> <p>Employment measures the number of people in paid work and differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. The employment rate is the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who are in paid work. Unemployment measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website</p>	<p><u>2021</u> Employment: 49,865 (73.0%) Unemployment: 2,460 (3.6%)</p> <p><u>2018</u> Employment: 52,300 (73.4%) Unemployment: 3,300 (6%)</p> <p><u>2011</u> Employment: 51,200 (73.1%) Unemployment: 2,700 (5.1%)</p>	<p><u>2021</u> Employment: 53,815 (75.6%) Unemployment: 2,450 (3.4%)</p> <p><u>2018</u> Employment: 57,000 (74.8%) Unemployment: 2,300 (3.8%)</p> <p><u>2011</u> Employment: 56,300 (74.1%) Unemployment: 3,700 (6.2%)</p>	<p><u>2021</u> Employment: 125,320 (55.4%) Unemployment: 13,950 (6.2%)</p> <p><u>2018</u> Employment: 128,500 (58.6%) Unemployment: 7,510 (3.3%)</p> <p><u>2011</u> Employment: 112,900 (54.2%) Unemployment: 13,060 (6.1%)</p>	<p><u>2021</u> Employment: 54,355 (75.5%) Unemployment: 2,095 (2.9%)</p> <p><u>2018</u> Employment: 60,000 (81.4%) Unemployment: 1,700 (2.8%)</p> <p><u>2011</u> Employment: 55,200 (75.0%) Unemployment: 2,900 (5.9%)</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Earnings – by place of work and by place of residence</b></p> <p>Gross weekly pay (median earnings) in pounds for full time employees.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website</p>	<p><u>Place of work</u> Weekly pay of full time employees working in the area: 2022: £594.80 2018: £498.80 2011: £440.90</p> <p><u>Place of residence</u> Weekly pay of full time employees living in the area: 2022: £641.50 2018: £605.50 2011: £515.80</p>	<p><u>Place of work</u> Weekly pay of full time employees working in the area: 2022: £590.80 2018: £607.30 2011: £393.20</p> <p><u>Place of residence</u> Weekly pay of full time employees living in the area: 2022: £587.30 2018: £561.10 2011: £456.70</p>	<p><u>Place of work</u> Weekly pay of full time employees working in the area: 2022: £557.80 2018: £406.40 2011: £454.40</p> <p><u>Place of residence</u> Weekly pay of full time employees living in the area: 2022: £536.10 2018: £460.00 2011: £429.70</p>	<p><u>Place of work</u> Weekly pay of full time employees working in the area: 2022: £623.10 2018: £589.00 2011: £465.80</p> <p><u>Place of residence</u> Weekly pay of full time employees living in the area: 2022: £706.50 2018: £696.00 2011: £597.80</p>
<p><b>Employment by occupation</b></p> <p>Percentage is a proportion of all persons in employment. Figures used for April to March period.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website</p>	<p>Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 7.3% 2018: 9.1% 2011: 9.5%</p> <p>Professional occupations:- 2023: 32.8% 2018: 15.8% 2011: 19.0%</p> <p>Associate professional &amp; technical:- 2023: 7.2% 2018: 21.8% 2011: 16.1%</p>	<p>Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 13.1% 2018: 12.9% 2011: 12.4%</p> <p>Professional occupations:- 2023: 28.8% 2018: 17.5% 2011: 17.6%</p> <p>Associate professional &amp; technical:- 2023: 10.3% 2018: 20.7% 2011: 8.8%</p>	<p>Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 5.4% 2018: 6.5% 2011: 7.1%</p> <p>Professional occupations:- 2023: 25.3% 2018: 18.2% 2011: 18.7%</p> <p>Associate professional &amp; technical:- 2023: 10.5% 2018: 12.7% 2011: 8.1%</p>	<p>Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 17.2% 2018: 15.2% 2011: 7.2%</p> <p>Professional occupations:- 2023: 32.7% 2018: 27.9% 2011: 30.7%</p> <p>Associate professional &amp; technical:- 2023: 14.1% 2018: 12.9% 2011: 15.4%</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 8.8% 2018: 13.8% 2011: 9.0%	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 10.7% 2018: 10.3% 2011: 14.1%	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 9.8% 2018: 10.4% 2011: 9.4%	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 10.6% 2018: 10.0% 2011: 16.1%
	Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 16.2% 2018: 13.3% 2011: 12.7%	Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 7.1% 2018: 8.2% 2011: 11.3%	Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 5.8% 2018: 8.6% 2011: 11.8%	Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 9.5% 2018: 10.3% 2011: 5.2%
	Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 5.5% 2011: 6.6%	Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 6.6% 2011: 11.2%	Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: 14.0% 2018: 10.6% 2011: 10.1%	Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 8.3% 2011: 4.8%
	Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 2.9% 2011: 5.6%	Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: 10.1% 2018: 8.3% 2011: 8.0%	Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: 3.5% 2018: 7.3% 2011: 10.4%	Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 6.2% 2011: 7.6%
	Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: n/a 2018: 6.3 % 2011: 6.3%	Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: 7.5% 2018: 7.3% 2011: 6.7%	Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: 8.8% 2018: 7.8% 2011: 7.3%	Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: n/a 2018: 2.5% 2011: 5.6%
	Elementary occupations:-	Elementary occupations:-	Elementary occupations:-	Elementary occupations:-



	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
	2023: 18.4% 2018: 10.7% 2011: 15.1%	2023: n/a 2018: 8.2% 2011: 9.9%	2023: 16.8% 2018: 17.7% 2011: 16.2%	2023: 10.2% 2018: 6.7% 2011: 6.1%
<p><b>Qualifications – by type</b></p> <p>Working age people with the following qualifications:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No qualifications – no formal qualifications held.</li> <li>• NVQ1 and above – e.g. fewer than 5 GCSEs at grades A-C, foundation GNVQ, NVQ 1, intermediate 1 national qualification (Scotland) or equivalent.</li> <li>• NVQ2 and above – e.g. 5 or more GCSEs at grades A-C, intermediate GNVQ, NVQ 2, intermediate 2 national qualification (Scotland) or equivalent.</li> <li>• NVQ3 and above – e.g. 2 or more A levels, advanced GNVQ, NVQ 3, 2 or more higher or advanced higher national qualifications (Scotland) or equivalent.</li> <li>• NVQ4 and above – e.g. HND, Degree and Higher Degree level qualifications or equivalent.</li> </ul> <p>Figures used for January to December period.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website</p>	<p>Does not apply:- 2021: 16.6%</p> <p>No qualifications:- 2021: 14.5% 2018: 6.8% 2011: 7.8%</p> <p>NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 68.9% 2018: 88.8% 2011: 89%</p> <p>NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 61.0% 2018: 79.5% 2011: 77.8%</p> <p>NVQ3 and above 2021: 45.7% 2018: 61.6% 2011: 57.5%</p> <p>NVQ4 and above 2021: 30.6% 2018: 41.5% 2011: 38.1%</p>	<p>Does not apply:- 2021: 17.7%</p> <p>No qualifications:- 2021: 14.5% 2018: No data 2011: 7.5%</p> <p>NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 67.7% 2018: 90.2% 2011: 87.8%</p> <p>NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 59.8% 2018: 78.1% 2011: 76.7%</p> <p>NVQ3 and above – 2021: 43.3% 2018: 54.8% 2011: 56.8%</p> <p>NVQ4 and above:- 2021: 28.3% 2018: 34.2% 2011: 36.6%</p>	<p>Does not apply:- 2021: 18.3%</p> <p>No qualifications:- 2021: 15.9% 2018: 10.2% 2011: 13.9%</p> <p>NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 65.7% 2018: 81.1% 2011: 78.8%</p> <p>NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 58.6% 2018: 69.9% 2011: 66.2%</p> <p>NVQ3 and above:- 2021: 46.0% 2018: 55.7% 2011: 47.8%</p> <p>NVQ4 and above:- 2021: 25.6% 2018: 31.2% 2011: 28.6%</p>	<p>Does not apply:- 2021: 17.9%</p> <p>No qualifications:- 2021: 9.8% 2018: No data 2011: 7.2%</p> <p>NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 72.2% 2018: 91.4% 2011: 88.5%</p> <p>NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 66.4% 2018: 88.4% 2011: 76.8%</p> <p>NVQ3 and above:- 2021: 52.9% 2018: 78.1% 2011: 60.0%</p> <p>NVQ4 and above:- 2021: 38.9% 2018: 61.9% 2011: 41.4%</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Enterprise Zones</b>  Number of Enterprise Zones. Year designated is shown in bracket.  <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alliance Boots site (2011) (site overlaps with Nottingham City)</li> <li>Beeston Business Park (2016)</li> </ul>	None.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alliance Boots site (2011) (site overlaps with Broxtowe)</li> <li>MediPark (2013)</li> <li>Nottingham Science Park (2011)</li> </ul>	None.
<b>Industrial units and floorspace</b>  Number of rateable properties (known as “hereditaments”) and floorspace.  <u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website <sup>4</sup>	<u>2022:</u> 690 properties 496,000 sqm  <u>2016:</u> 700 properties 428,000 sqm  2011: 690 properties 466,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> 820 properties 436,000 sqm  <u>2016:</u> 730 properties 422,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 690 properties 445,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> 3,030 properties 1,805,000 sqm  <u>2016:</u> 3,010 properties 1,967,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 2,970 properties 2,036,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> 740 properties 462,000 sqm  <u>2016:</u> 680 properties 452,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 660 properties 442,000 sqm
<b>Office units and floorspace</b>  Number of rateable properties (known as “hereditaments”) and floorspace.  <u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website <sup>5</sup>	<u>2022:</u> <u>440 properties</u> <u>72,000 sqm</u>  <u>2016:</u> 360 properties 87,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 330 properties 89,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> 340 properties 49,000 sqm  <u>2016:</u> 320 properties 44,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 310 properties 43,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> <u>2,530 properties</u> <u>710,000 sqm</u>  <u>2016:</u> 2,300 properties 780,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 2,130 properties 809,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> <u>610 properties</u> <u>121,000 sqm</u>  <u>2016:</u> 520 properties 117,000 sqm  <u>2011:</u> 400 properties 112,000 sqm

<sup>4</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022>

<sup>5</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Retail units and floorspace</b>	<u>2022:</u> 900 properties <u>212,000 sqm</u>	<u>2022:</u> 780 properties 170,000 sqm	<u>2022:</u> <u>3,010 properties</u> <u>713,000 sqm</u>	<u>2022:</u> <u>660 properties</u> <u>102,000 sqm</u>
Number of rateable properties (known as "hereditaments") and floorspace.	<u>2016:</u> 900 properties 201,000 sqm	<u>2016:</u> 760 properties 161,000 sqm	<u>2016:</u> 3,090 properties 753,000 sqm	<u>2016:</u> 630 properties 91,000 sqm
<u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website <sup>6</sup>	<u>2011:</u> 920 properties 201,000 sqm	<u>2011:</u> 760 properties 151,000 sqm	<u>2011:</u> 3,060 properties 748,000 sqm	<u>2011:</u> 630 properties 91,000 sqm

<sup>6</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022>

<p><b>Area of employment land lost to housing or other uses</b></p> <p>Area of employment land lost to housing or other uses.</p> <p>To avoid double counting, losses are recorded when the loss is first implemented i.e. commencement of the first dwelling.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 14.96 ha</p> <p>2022/23: 1.2 ha 2021/22: 1.3 ha 2020/21: 0.36 ha</p> <p>2019/20: 3.2 ha 2018/19: 1.72 ha 2017/18: 0.8 ha 2016/17: 0.47 ha 2015/16: 0.23 ha 2014/15: 7.09 ha 2013/14: 0.65 ha 2012/13: 0.07 ha 2011/12: 0.61 ha</p>	<p><u>2011 to2020:</u> 2.74 ha</p> <p>2022/23: No loss 2021/22: 5.32 ha 2020/21: 0.32 ha 2019/20: 0.10 ha 2018/19: No loss 2017/18: No loss 2016/17: 0.22 ha 2015/16: No loss 2014/15: 1.40 ha 2013/14: No loss 2012/13: 0.33 ha 2011/12: 0.69 ha</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 36.65 ha</p> <p>2022/23: 2.25 ha 2021/22:1.91 ha 2020/21: 0.98 ha 2019/20: 6.14 ha 2018/19: 1.68 ha 2017/18: 4.1 ha 2016/17: 3.81 ha 2015/16: 1.48 ha 2014/15: 4.66 ha 2013/14: 2.72 ha 2012/13: 4.57 ha 2011/12: 2.45 ha</p> <p><u>Offices</u> Total 97,231 sqm 2022/23: 4,755sqm 2021/22:4,620sqm 2020/21: 3,564sqm 2019/20:2,928sqm 2018/19: 4,100sqm 2017/18: 15,900 sqm 2016/17: 14,213 sqm 2015/16: 5,256 sqm 2014/15: 17,912 sqm 2013/14: 9,142 sqm 2012/13: 14,841 sqm 2011/12: 0 sqm</p> <p><u>Industry and warehousing</u> Total 49,365sqm</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023:</u> 2.07 ha</p> <p>2022/23: 0.02 ha 2021/22: 1.48 ha 2020/21: No loss 2019/20: 0.86 ha 2018/19: No loss 2017/18: No loss 2016/17: 0.1 ha 2015/16: 1.8 ha 2014/15: 0.08 ha 2013/14: 0.09 ha 2012/13: No loss 2011/12: No loss</p>
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	Broxtowe	Gedling	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			2022/23:4,245sqm 2021/22:2,610sqm 2020/21:336sqm 2019/20: 21,630sqm 2018/19:2,600sqm 2017/18: 500 sqm 2016/17: 1,042 sqm 2015/16: 673 sqm 2014/15: 725 sqm 2013/14: 1,757 sqm 2012/13: 3,445 sq 2011/12: 9,802 sqm	

**Town centres**

	Broxtowe	Gedling	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
<b>Number of city centre, town, district and local centres and centre of neighbourhood importance</b>  Number of city centre, town, district and local centres and centre of neighbourhood importance.  <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	<u>1 Town Centre</u> Beeston  <u>3 District Centres</u> Eastwood Kimberley Stapleford  <u>1 Centre of Neighbourhood Importance</u> High Road, Chilwell	<u>1 Town Centre</u> Arnold  <u>8 Local Centres</u> Burton Joyce Calverton Carlton Hill Carlton Square Gedling Village Mapperley Plains Netherfield Ravenshead	<u>1 City Centre</u> Nottingham City  <u>1 Town Centre</u> Bulwell  <u>3 District Centres</u> Clifton Hyson Green Sherwood  <u>12 Local Centres</u> Alfreton Road Aspley Lane Beckhampton Road Bracebridge Drive Bramcote Lane	<u>2 District Centres</u> Bingham West Bridgford  <u>6 Local Centres</u> Cotgrave East Leake Keyworth (The Square) Keyworth (Wolds Drive) Radcliffe on Trent Ruddington  <u>11 Centres of Neighbourhood Importance</u>

			Bridgeway Centre Carrington Mansfield Road Nuthall Road Robin Hood Chase Sneinton Dale Strelley Road  <u>42 Centres of          Neighbourhood          Importance<sup>7</sup></u>	Abbey Road, West Bridgford Boundary Road, West Bridgford Compton Acres, West Bridgford Gamston Centre, West Bridgford Hilton Crescent, West Bridgford Loughborough Road, West Bridgford Melton Road, West Bridgford Musters Road, West Bridgford Radcliffe Road, West Bridgford Trent Boulevard, West Bridgford Nottingham Road, Keyworth
<b>Number of units and vacant units in city centre, town, district and local centres</b>	<u>Beeston</u> 194 units 19 vacant (9.8%)	<u>Arnold (Primary Area)</u> 108 units 14 vacant (8%)	<u>Nottingham City</u> In 2023 1,209 retail and leisure units were surveyed as	<u>Bingham (Primary Area)</u> 40 units 2 vacant (5%)

<sup>7</sup> Nottingham City are not treating them as formal centres in their Local Plan = Arnold Road, Aspley Lane/Glencairn Drive, Beech Avenue, Beechdale Road, Berridge Road, Bobbersmill, Broxtowe Lane, Broxtowe Lane/Coleby Road, Broxtowe Lane/Sherborne Road, Carlton Road, Carlton Road South, Daybrook, Derby Road/Arnesby Road, Farnborough Road, Hartley Road, Haydn Road, Hermitage Square, Highbury Road/ Bedford Grove, Highbury Road/ Broomhill, Hucknall Road/ Carrington, Hucknall Road/Valley Road, Ilkeston Road West, Lenton Boulevard North, Lenton Boulevard South, Lenton Sands, Middleton Boulevard, Mill Road/Bagnall Road, Monksway, Oakdale Road, Old Farm Road, Rise Park, Sellers Wood Drive, Sneinton Boulevard, Top Valley Way, Trowell Road, Varney Road, Woodborough Road North, Woodborough Road South and Woodside Road

<p>Number of ground floor units, including those that are vacant, within shopping centre boundary. Percentage of all units being vacant is provided in bracket. Date of survey undertaken is shown in bracket</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p> <p>NOTE: This does not include updated study work undertaken as part of the Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan Centres Study.</p>	<p><u>Eastwood</u> 137 units 16 vacant (11.7%)</p> <p><u>Kimberley</u> 61 units 6 vacant (9.8%)</p> <p><u>Stapleford</u> 102 units 10 vacant (9.8%)</p> <p>(August 2021)</p>	<p><u>Arnold (Secondary Area)</u> 103 units 8 vacant (8%)</p> <p><u>Burton Joyce</u> 19 units 1 vacant (5%)</p> <p><u>Calverton</u> 19 units 2 vacant (10%)</p> <p><u>Carlton Hill</u> 86 units 7 vacant units (8%)</p> <p><u>Carlton Square</u> 25 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p><u>Gedling Village</u> 46 units 2 vacant (4%)</p> <p><u>Mapperley Plains</u> 93 units 11 vacant (12%)</p> <p><u>Netherfield</u> 86 units</p>	<p>part of a City Council survey, of these 1,065 were occupied, the remaining 144 were vacant. This gives a headline Retail Vacancy Rate of 11.91% (a decrease on the 12.74% vacancy rate in July 2022). A further 40 of the vacant units surveyed were not available for occupancy, usually because they are either undergoing or awaiting redevelopment. Removing these units from the total figure gives an Adjusted Vacancy Rate of 8.6%. Comparing to a decade ago, in March 2013, the vacancy rate was 16.7%.</p> <p>1,319 units</p>	<p><u>Bingham (Secondary Area)</u> 50 units 5 vacant (10%)</p> <p><u>West Bridgford (Primary Area)</u> 64 units 1 vacant (1.6%)</p> <p><u>West Bridgford (Secondary Area)</u> 69 units 1 vacant (1.4%)</p> <p><u>Cotgrave (Primary Area)</u> 11 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p><u>East Leake (Primary Area)</u> 33 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p><u>East Leake (Secondary Area)</u> 7 units 0 vacant (0%)</p>
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		<p>6 vacant (7%)</p> <p><u>Ravenshead</u> 17 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p>(August 2023)</p>	<p>159 vacant units (12%)</p> <p>(May 2018)</p>	<p><u>Keyworth (The Square) (Primary Area)</u> 17 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p><u>Keyworth (The Square) (Secondary Area)</u> 14 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p><u>Keyworth (Wolds Drive)</u> 13 units 1 vacant (0.8%)</p> <p><u>Radcliffe on Trent (Primary Area)</u> 29 units 0 vacant (0%)</p> <p><u>Radcliffe on Trent (Secondary Area)</u> 25 units 1 vacant (4%)</p> <p><u>Ruddington (Primary Area)</u> 37 units 3 vacant (8%)</p>
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				<u>Ruddington</u> <u>(Secondary Area)</u> 24 units 1 vacant (4%)  (April to June 2019)
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## Healthy and safe communities

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Life expectancy at birth</b></p> <p>How long, on average, people are expected to live<sup>8</sup>. Figures are 3-year averages.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> ONS website</p>	<p><u>2018-20</u> Male: 80.1 years Female: 82.6 years</p> <p><u>2014-16</u> Male: 80.5 years Female: 83.1 years</p> <p><u>2008-10</u> Male: 79.0 years Female: 83.0 years</p>	<p><u>2018-20</u> Male: 80.1 years Female: 83.1 years</p> <p><u>2014-16</u> Male: 80.0 years Female: 83.2 years</p> <p><u>2008-10</u> Male: 79.0 years Female: 82.7 years</p>	<p><u>2018-20</u> Male: 76.6 years Female: 81.0 years</p> <p><u>2014-16</u> Male: 77.0 years Female: 81.1 years</p> <p><u>2008-10</u> Male: 75.9 years Female: 80.8 years</p>	<p><u>2018-20</u> Male: 81.8 years Female: 84.9 years</p> <p><u>2014-16</u> Male: 81.7 years Female: 85.0 years</p> <p><u>2008-10</u> Male: 80.1 years Female: 83.6 years</p>
<p><b>Crime</b></p> <p>All crimes reported to Nottinghamshire Police.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Nottinghamshire Police</p>	<p>2020: 3,745*</p> <p>2021: 8,621</p> <p>2022: 8,194</p> <p>2023: 4,603 (half year data)</p>	<p>2020: 3,590*</p> <p>2021: 8,173</p> <p>2022: 7,445</p> <p>2023: 4,342 (half year data)</p>	<p>2020: 22,269*</p> <p>2021: 54,349</p> <p>2022: 50,262</p> <p>2023: 27,251 (half year data)</p>	<p>2020: 3,004*</p> <p>2021: 6,853</p> <p>2022: 6,266</p> <p>2023: 6,271</p>

### Definitions

All crime: The overall number of crimes reported to Nottinghamshire Police.

<sup>8</sup> Period expectation of life at a given age for an area in a given time period is an estimate of the average number of years a person of that age would survive if he or she experienced the particular area's age-specific mortality rates for that time period throughout the rest of his or her life. The figure reflects mortality among those living in the area in each time period, rather than mortality among those born in each area. It is not therefore the number of years a person in the area in each time period could actually expect to live, both because the death rates of the area are likely to change in the future and because many of those in the area may live elsewhere for at least some part of their lives. Period life expectancy at birth is also not a guide to the remaining expectation of life at any given age. For example, if female life expectancy at birth was 80 years for a particular area, the life expectancy of women aged 65 years in that area is likely to exceed 15 years. This reflects the fact that survival from a particular age depends only on the death rates beyond that age, whereas survival from birth is based on death rates at every age.

\*Figures for 2020 will reflect Covid 19 social distancing restrictions

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of doctor surgeries, health facilities, community centres, leisure centres, libraries</b></p> <p>Community centres do not include village halls.</p>	<p>15 doctor surgeries 3 health facilities</p> <p>4 community centres 3 leisure centres 6 libraries</p>	<p>15 GP practices</p> <p>18 community centres 6 leisure centres 9 libraries</p> <p>Not including privately owned</p>	<p>2 hospitals 5 joint service centres 16 health centres 50 GP practices</p> <p>33 community centres 9 leisure centres 16 libraries</p>	<p>17 doctor surgeries 5 health facilities</p> <p>5 community centres 5 leisure centres 9 libraries</p>
<p><b>Residents participation in sports</b></p> <p>Definitions are shown below. Data shown in percentage figures.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Sport England Active Lives Survey interactive table (Activity level by region option)</p>	<p>Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 22.6%</p> <p>Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 14.5%</p> <p>Active (150+ mins a week): 62.9%</p> <p>Active 2 times in past 28 days: 78.7%</p> <p>(November 2021 to November 2022)</p>	<p>Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 26.6%</p> <p>Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 10.8%</p> <p>Active (150+ mins a week): 62.7%</p> <p>Active 2 times in past 28 days: 76.8%</p> <p>(November 2021 to November 2022)</p>	<p>Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 25.8%</p> <p>Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 10.3%</p> <p>Active (150+ mins a week): 63.9%</p> <p>Active 2 times in past 28 days: 75.4%</p> <p>(November 2021 to November 2022)</p>	<p>Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 16.6%</p> <p>Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 9.4%</p> <p>Active (150+ mins a week): 74.0%</p> <p>Active 2 times in past 28 days: 86.6%</p> <p>(November 2021 to November 2022)</p>

Definitions:-

- “Inactive” includes respondents playing sport for less than 30 minutes at moderate intensity per week.
- “Fairly active” includes respondents playing sport for at least 30 minutes at moderate intensity at least once a week.
- “Active” includes respondents playing sport for 150+ minutes at moderate intensity at least once a week.
- “Active 2 times in past 28 days” includes respondents who have taken part in sport and physical activity least twice in the last 28 days.

## Transport

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Railway station usage</b>	<u>Attenborough</u>	<u>Burton Joyce</u>	<u>Bulwell</u>	<u>Aslockton</u>
Estimated total number of entries and exits made at the station in a given year.	2022/23: 52,704	2022/23: 9,426	2022/23: 56,336	2022/23: 23,472
	2021/22: 46,934	2021/22: 6,146	2021/22: 43,504	2021/22: 15,914
	2020/21: 17,586	2020/21: 1,826	2020/21: 20,138	2020/21: 3,736
	2019/20: 106,882	2019/20: 15,330	2019/20: 68,852	2019/20: 33,438
	2018/19: 99,484	2018/19: 16,084	2017/18: 61,136	2018/19: 31,204
Notes the statistics for 2019/20 cover the period before and immediately following the government's announcement of measures to limit the impact and transmission of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic in mid-March 2020. Rail passenger journeys decreased following announcements advising against all unnecessary travel.	2017/18: 107,942	2017/18: 16,268	2016/17: 59,632	2017/18: 24,948
	2016/17: 105,742	2016/17: 11,542	2015/16: 57,716	2016/17: 30,572
	2015/16: 111,678	2015/16: 8,228	2014/15: 50,952	2015/16: 23,766
	2014/15: 94,756	2014/15: 5,372	2013/14: 46,592	2014/15: 22,226
	2013/14: 89,938	2013/14: 5,302	2012/13: 54,060	2013/14: 21,100
	2012/13: 79,798	2012/13: 6,928	2011/12: 48,162	2012/13: 15,744
	2011/12: 66,038	2011/12: 6,786		2011/12: 15,912
	<u>Beeston</u>	<u>Carlton</u>	<u>Nottingham</u>	<u>Bingham</u>
	2022/23: 439,410	2022/23: 36,846	2022/23: 6,739,558	2022/23: 63,540
	2021/22: 327,608	2021/22: 27,610	2021/22: 5,202,438	2021/22: 55,774
	2020/21: 109,068	2020/21: 12,254	2020/21: 1,416,536	2020/21: 14,442
	2019/20: 574,304	2019/20: 57,552	2019/20: 7,864,690	2019/20: 79,410
	2018/19: 566,094	2018/19: 54,632	2017/18: 7,858,974	2018/19: 77,128
	2017/18: 546,110	2017/18: 54,282	2016/17: 7,468,864	2017/18: 69,102
	2016/17: 534,672	2016/17: 46,578	2015/16: 7,200,422	2016/17: 67,216
	2015/16: 574,056	2015/16: 36,344	2014/15: 6,848,182	2015/16: 59,018
	2014/15: 572,550	2014/15: 25,168	2013/14: 6,105,684	2014/15: 51,778
	2013/14: 546,180	2013/14: 20,298	2012/13: 6,450,702	2013/14: 39,786
	2012/13: 541,138	2012/13: 21,410	2011/12: 6,450,400	2012/13: 36,682
	2011/12: 484,210	2011/12: 22,372		2011/12: 34,512
		<u>Netherfield</u>		
<u>Source:-</u> Office of Rail and Road				

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
		2022/23: 6,946 2021/22: 5,556 2020/21: 1,210 2019/20: 8,292 2018/19: 9,150 2017/18: 8,644 2016/17: 7,742 2015/16: 6,544 2014/15: 6,050 2013/14: 5,382 2012/13: 6,682 2011/12: 7,410  <u>Newstead</u> 2022/23: 31,702 2021/22: 23,010 2020/21: 8,570 2019/20: 44,200 2018/19: 40,288 2017/18: 41,796 2016/17: 35,868 2015/16: 31,932 2014/15: 33,938 2013/14: 28,624 2012/13: 30,872 2011/12: 34,750		<u>East Midlands Parkway</u> 2022/23: 2021/22: 196,298 2020/21: 39,350 2019/20: 343,420 2018/19: 360,770 2017/18: 338,000 2016/17: 347,252 2015/16: 306,408 2014/15: 304,000 2013/14: 328,000 2012/13: 283,756 2011/12: 219,734  <u>Elton and Orston</u> 2022/23: 2021/22: 40 2020/21: 12 2019/20: 68 2018/19: 164 2017/18: 138 2016/17: 128 2015/16: 296 2014/15: 88 2013/14: 166 2012/13: 72 2011/12: 84  <u>Radcliffe</u> 2022/23:

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
				2021/22: 9,838 2020/21: 1,952 2019/20: 12,404 2018/19: 9,674 2017/18: 8,850 2016/17: 6,474 2015/16: 7,108 2014/15: 6,026 2013/14: 10,152 2012/13: 8,658 2011/12: 8,724
<p><b>Proportion of households within distance of a bus stop with an hourly and better bus service</b></p> <p>Time period is daytime on weekdays Mondays to Saturdays 0600-1800 hours.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Performance, Intelligence &amp; Policy Team, Nottinghamshire County Council</p>	<p>Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 87%</p> <p>Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 57%</p> <p>(February 2023)</p>	<p>Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 94%</p> <p>Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 74%</p> <p>(February 2023)</p>	<p>Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 99%</p> <p>Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 79%</p> <p>(2023)</p>	<p>Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 84%</p> <p>Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 64%</p> <p>( 2023)</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Park and Ride sites</b></p> <p>Number of park and ride sites where people park and take public transport into Nottingham.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>1 site:</u> Toton Lane Park and Ride (just off the A52, nearest M1 junction 25)</p>	<p>None.</p>	<p><u>3 sites:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Forest Park and Ride (Goose Fair site)</li> <li>• Phoenix Park and Ride (just off the A610, nearest M1 junction 26)</li> <li>• Wilkinson Street Park and Ride (just off the Nottingham ring Road)</li> </ul>	<p><u>1 site:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clifton Park and Ride (just off the A453, nearest M1 junction 24)</li> </ul>



	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of public transport trips on bus and tram</b></p> <p>Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Nottingham City and Greater Nottingham*. Figures based on where passengers board a bus, regardless of whether they cross boundaries or travel out of the area.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Nottingham City Council</p> <p>* For information, "Greater Nottingham" is used to refer to adjoining council areas to Nottingham City which includes Ashfield (Hucknall part), Gedling, Broxtowe and Rushcliffe.</p>	<p>Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Greater Nottingham*</p> <p><u>Bus only:</u> 2018/19: 65.02 2017/18: 65.30 2016/17: 66.16 2015/16: 67.22 2014/15: 67.49 2013/14: 67.09 2012/13: 66.39 2011/12: 67.19</p> <p><u>Bus and Nottingham Express Transit (NET) tram:</u> 2018/19: 82.75 2017/18: 81.93 2016/17: 81.48 2015/16: 78.66 2014/15: 75.58 2013/14: 74.95 2012/13: 74.13 2011/12: 76.21</p>	<p>Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Greater Nottingham*</p> <p>See Broxtowe column for data</p>	<p>Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Nottingham City</p> <p><u>Bus only:</u> 2022/23:37.96 2018/19: 47.60 2017/18: 47.30 2016/17: 47.93 2015/16: 48.50 2014/15: 48.74 2013/14: 48.62 2012/13: 48.19 2011/12: 48.76</p> <p><u>Bus and Nottingham Express Transit (NET) tram:</u> 2022/23:48.96 2018/19: 62.07 2017/18: 60.88 2016/17: 60.34 2015/16: 59.02 2014/15: 56.18 2013/14: 55.85 2012/13: 55.31 2011/12: 57.05</p>	<p>Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Greater Nottingham*</p> <p>See Broxtowe column for data</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Traffic growth</b></p> <p>Vehicle kilometres travelled. Data for traffic growth is based on vehicle kilometres travelled across the road network and the data covers the period 2010-17 with a 2010 base. Data is based on a variety of traffic count sources including permanent and temporary traffic counters and a number of manual traffic counts undertaken by Nottinghamshire County Council Highways department and the Department for Transport.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Transport Planning &amp; Programme Development, Nottinghamshire County Council</p>	<p><u>2010-17</u> Traffic growth has increased by 20.5% since 2010 base (however this is only up to 2020 which would be significantly impacted by Covid).</p> <p>2020: 79.5% 2019: 100.3% 2018: 100.3% 2017: 100.4% 2016: 100.1% 2015: 99.2% 2014: 99.8% 2013: 98.4% 2012: 97.8% 2011: 99.5% 2010: 100.0%</p>	<p><u>2010-21</u> Traffic growth has decreased by 6.4% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2021: 93.6% 2020: 84.6% 2019: 103.7% 2018: 103.1% 2017: 104.1% 2016: 102.8% 2015: 102.5% 2014: 103.2% 2013: 99.2% 2012: 97.2% 2011: 99.8% 2010: 100.0%</p>	<p><u>2010-17</u> For the City: The 2022 figure was 570 million miles for traffic, a 1.3% increase from the pre-pandemic 2019 figure of 563 million. For Greater Nottingham: The 2022 figure was 1,685 million miles for traffic, a 3.7% decrease from 2019 figure of 1,750 million. In 2017 Traffic growth has decreased by 4.5% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2017: 95.5% 2016: 94.8% 2015: 93.8% 2014: 93.9% 2013: 95.8% 2012: 96.4% 2011: 98.3% 2010: 100.0%</p>	<p><u>2010-21</u> Traffic growth has decreased by 13.6% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2021: 86.4% 2020: 77.5% 2019: 99.7% 2018: 99.6% 2017: 99.6% 2016: 98.2% 2015: 99.8% 2014: 99.1% 2013: 98.4% 2012: 95.8% 2011: 97.5% 2010: 100.0%</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Cycle growth</b></p> <p>Number of cycling trips. Data for growth in cycling trips is based on a network of permanent cycle counters across the council areas (6 in Broxtowe, 5 in Gedling, 14 in Nottingham City and 4 in Rushcliffe) and the data covers the period 2010-17 with a 2010 base.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Transport Planning &amp; Programme Development, Nottinghamshire County Council</p>	<p><u>2010-17</u> Cycle growth has decreased by 12.8% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2021: 87.2% 2020: 104.3% 2019: 104.4% 2018: 111.3% 2017: 111.9% 2016: 113.0% 2015: 125.0% 2014: 130.0% 2013: 114.2% 2012: 107.8% 2011: 110.2% 2010: 100.0%</p>	<p><u>2010-22</u> Cycle growth has increased by 14.8% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2022: 114.8% 2021: 118.3% 2020: 145.7% 2019: 104.4% 2018: 112.3% 2017: 108.4% 2016: 111.9% 2015: 113.1% 2014: 111.2% 2013: 105.8% 2012: 99.8% 2011: 107.6% 2010: 100.0%</p>	<p><u>2010-22</u> Cycle growth has decreased by 24.1% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2022: 124.1% 2021: 121.6% 2020: 125% 2017: 136.8% 2016: 127.5% 2015: 127.9% 2014: 126.9% 2013: 117.9% 2012: 110.1% 2011: 109.2% 2010: 100.0%</p>	<p><u>2010-17</u> Cycle growth has increased by 23.4% since 2010 base.</p> <p>2022: 123.4% 2021: 122.8% 2020: 162.8% 2019: 120.3% 2018: 128.5% 2017: 119.5% 2016: 118.7% 2015: 114.9% 2014: 114.0% 2013: 100.2% 2012: 101.0% 2011: 105.1% 2010: 100.0%</p>

## Effective use of land

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Number of housing completions – on previously developed land</b>	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 2,333 (90%)	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 1,356 (35%)	2011/23:17,225 (96.3%) 2022/23: 2,942 (99.7%)	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 2,312 (33%)
Includes new build, change of use and conversion on previously developed land since 2011. Figures are gross. Percentage is shown as percentage of dwellings on previously developed land.	2022/23: 352 (85%) 2021/22: 335 (89%) 2020/21: 256 (80%)2019/20: 234 (76%) 2018/19: 190 (66%) 2017/18: 297 (90%) 2016/17: 159 (55%) 2015/16: 72 (66%) 2014/15: 123 (90%) 2013/14: 133 (81%) 2012/13: 80 (67%) 2011/12: 103 (67%)	2022/23: 222 (32%) 2021/22: 91 (25%) 2020/21: 92 (29%) 2019/20: 185 (50%) 2018/19: 175 (58%) 2017/18: 141 (54%) 2016/17: 103 (49%) 2015/16: 53 (28%) 2014/15: 51 (16%) 2013/14: 89 (27%) 2012/13: 25 (11%) 2011/12: 129 (44%)	2021/22: 2,657 (98.6%) 2020/21: 1,378 (97.7%), 2019/20:1,775 (97.7%) 2018/19:1,396 (86.1%) 2017/18: 1,348 (95.4%) 2016/17: 1,515 (93.7%) 2015/16: 879 (92.1%) 2014/15: 1,024 (99.8%) 2013/14: 801 (97.6%) 2012/13: 820 (95.5%) 2011/12: 690 (95.4%)	2022/23: 158 (14%) 2021/22: 193 (19%) 2020/21: 200 (30%) 2019/20: 130 (26%) 2018/17: 217 (27%) 2017/18: 251 (41%) 2016/17: 290 (52%) 2015/16: 205 (42%) 2014/15: 236 (62%) 2013/14: 199 (36%) 2012/13: 96 (35%) 2011/12: 137 (43%)
<u>Source:-</u> Local authorities				

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of sites on Brownfield Land Register</b></p> <p>Number of sites on the councils' Brownfield Land Register. Part 1 of the Register includes sites that the Council considers suitable for residential development. Inclusion in Part 2 of the Register means that sites will automatically be granted 'permission in principle'.</p> <p>An end date means a site is no longer valid or active (e.g. fully built).</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p>18 brownfield sites</p> <p>0 of these are no longer considered brownfield land</p> <p>Not including sites with an end date, there are 159.38 hectares of brownfield land</p> <p>0 sites have permission in principle</p> <p>Information is also available on the Digital Land website<sup>9</sup></p>	<p>39 brownfield sites</p> <p>7 of these are no longer considered brownfield land</p> <p>Not including sites with an end date, there are 28.78 hectares of brownfield land</p> <p>0 sites have permission in principle</p> <p>Information is also available on the Digital Land website<sup>10</sup></p>	<p>227 brownfield sites</p> <p>36 of these are no longer considered brownfield land</p> <p>Not including sites with an end date, there are 182.38 hectares of brownfield land</p> <p>0 sites have permission in principle</p> <p>Information is also available on the Digital Land website<sup>11</sup></p>	<p>12 brownfield sites</p> <p>0 of these are no longer considered brownfield land</p> <p>Not including sites with an end date, there are 6.5 hectares of brownfield land</p> <p>7 sites have permission in principle</p> <p>Information is also available on the Digital Land website<sup>12</sup></p>

<sup>9</sup> <https://digital-land.github.io/resource/42fffc159db734c50a6cc34d5b473cfce18e40e2d8a19b954a07b256c174b118>

<sup>10</sup> <https://digital-land.github.io/resource/fb922e16e6cfbb68f5d618b418e5773adf2cf6d48eaa8953685317e6667629e2>

<sup>11</sup> <https://digital-land.github.io/resource/7e41b7383b9eeb6ba0c93fb5b21931a0ff0f33663adc59214846dc4850347224>

<sup>12</sup> <https://digital-land.github.io/resource/8472e39b8d37be6d9e6e809af24c5ebdb111d2110a53775664bb48f601f3a8be>

## Green Belt

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Area of Green Belt</b>  Area of Green Belt in ha.  <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	5,130 ha	8,794 ha	736.6 ha	16,566 ha
<b>Percentage of administrative area designated as Green Belt</b>  Percentage of area designated as Green Belt. Figures based on data from "Size of administrative area (ha)" and "Area of Green Belt".  <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	64%	73%	9.9%	40.5%

## Climate change and flooding

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Air Quality Management Area</b></p> <p>Number and location of Air Quality Management Area (AQMA).</p> <p>Air Quality Management Areas are designated when levels of pollutants in local area are above the UK limits.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>0 AQMA:</u></p> <p>1 AQMA has now been removed: (Twenty properties on parts of Iona Drive and Tiree Close next to the M1 motorway in Trowell)</p>	<p><u>1 AQMA:</u>A60 Mansfield Road from its junction with Oxclose Lane and Cross Street south to its junction with Egerton Road</p>	<p><u>1 AQMA:</u> Whole of Nottingham City</p>	<p><u>1 AQMA:</u> Lady Bay Bridge/Radcliffe Road junction, the Trent Bridge/Loughborough Road/Radcliffe Road junction and the Wilford Lane/Loughborough Road/Melton Road junction in West Bridgford</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Carbon dioxide emissions estimates</b></p> <p>End-user carbon dioxide emissions (kt CO<sub>2</sub>). Estimates of carbon dioxide emissions have been produced from the following broad source categories: industry, commercial &amp; public sector, domestic, transport and land use, land use change and forestry. Excludes large industrial sites, railways, motorways and land-use.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website<sup>13</sup></p>	2022: 7.5 2021: 8.0 2020: 7.2 2019: 8.2 2018: 8.2 2017: 8.4 2016: 8.6 2015: 8.8 2014: 8.9 2013: 9.0 2012: 9.2 2011: 9.0	2022: 3.3 2021: 3.7 2020: 3.3 2019: 3.6 2018: 3.7 2017: 3.6 2016: 3.7 2015: 3.9 2014: 4.0 2013: 4.4 2012: 4.6 2011: 4.3	2022: 15.0 2021: 15.7 2020: 14.2 2019: 15.6 2018: 16.1 2017: 16.3 2016: 17.2 2015: 18.2 2014: 18.6 2013: 21.9 2012: 22.8 2011: 22.1	2022: 1.7 2021: 1.6 2020: 1.4 2019: 1.6 2018: 1.6 2017: 5.7 2016: 5.5 2015: 6.1 2014: 6.1 2013: 6.7 2012: 6.6 2011: 6.5
<p><b>Average energy per meter – by type</b></p> <p>Average electricity and gas use (mean consumption) per meter in kilowatt hours (kWh).</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website<sup>14</sup></p>	<p><u>2021</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,316 Gas: 13,359 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 43,349 Gas: 1,230,206</p> <p><u>2017</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,491</p>	<p><u>2021</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,480 Gas: 13,971 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 50,855 Gas: 1,148,489</p> <p><u>2017</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,718</p>	<p><u>2021</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,235 Gas: 12,642 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 58,165 Gas: 592,088</p> <p><u>2017</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,417</p>	<p><u>2021</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,775 Gas: 14,823 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 60,379 Gas: 1,376,132</p> <p><u>2017</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,943</p>

<sup>13</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/uk-local-authority-and-regional-carbon-dioxide-emissions-national-statistics>

<sup>14</sup> Electricity data is available from <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/regional-and-local-authority-electricity-consumption-statistics> and gas data is available from <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/gas-sales-and-numbers-of-customers-by-region-and-local-authority>



	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
	Gas: 14,078 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 49,385 Gas: 1,280,828  <u>2011</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,768 Gas: 14,825 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 55,821 Gas: 563,249	Gas: 14,756 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 54,575 Gas: 1,027,585  <u>2011</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,986 Gas: 15,529 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 61,662 Gas: 880,835	Gas: 12,738 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 64,420 Gas: 532,076  <u>2011</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 3,666 Gas: 13,245 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 75,318 Gas: 697,090	Gas: 15,927 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 63,930 Gas: 1,376.338  <u>2011</u> <u>Domestic users</u> Electricity: 4,231 Gas: 16,651 <u>Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users</u> Electricity: 70,955 Gas: 1,157,517
<b>Energy consumption – by type</b> Final energy consumption in gigawatt hours (GWh) by coal*, manufactured fuels**, petroleum**, gas, electricity and bioenergy & wastes.  * Includes coal/petroleum (as appropriate) consumed in all the following sectors: heat generation, energy industry use, industry, public administration, commercial, agriculture, miscellaneous. Excludes petroleum used within the public administration and agriculture sectors.	<u>2017</u> <u>Coal: 5.0</u> <u>Manufactured fuels:8.9</u> <u>Petroleum: 1,178.4</u> <u>Gas: 1,172.4</u> <u>Electricity: 332.1</u> <u>Bioenergy &amp; wastes: 27.0</u>  <u>2016</u> Coal = 5.1 Manufactured fuels = 9.4	<u>2017</u> Coal: 6.2 Manufactured fuels: 32.9 Petroleum: 430.0 Gas: 1,067.0 Electricity: 344.2 Bioenergy & wastes: 28.0  <u>2016</u> Coal: 6.4 Manufactured fuels: 67.9	<u>2017</u> <u>Coal: 8.7</u> <u>Manufactured fuels: 7.0</u> <u>Petroleum: 1,388.8</u> <u>Gas: 2,333.8</u> <u>Electricity: 1,240.4</u> <u>Bioenergy &amp; wastes: 63.6</u>  <u>2016</u> Coal: 9.0 Manufactured fuels: 6.3	<u>2017</u> <u>Coal: 23.4</u> <u>Manufactured fuels: 4.5</u> <u>Petroleum: 1,068.3</u> <u>Gas: 1,280.2</u> <u>Electricity: 415.7</u> <u>Bioenergy &amp; wastes: 28.5</u>  <u>2016</u> Coal: 28.8 Manufactured fuels: 4.3

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p>** Includes only manufactured solid fuels and not derived gases.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website<sup>15</sup></p>	Petroleum = 1,162.8 Gas = 1,142.1 Electricity = 333.2 Bioenergy and Wastes = 27.2  <u>2011</u> Coal = 7.4 Manufactured fuels = 10.3 Petroleum = 1,216.7 Gas = 915.4 Electricity = 349.9 Bioenergy and Wastes = 15.8	Petroleum: 439.0 Gas: 955.4 Electricity: 344.2 Bioenergy & wastes: 28.2  <u>2011</u> Coal: 10.3 Manufactured fuels: 47.4 Petroleum: 425.4 Gas: 1,053.2 Electricity: 359.2 Bioenergy & wastes: 17.7	Petroleum: 1,380.9 Gas: 2,347.1 Electricity: 1,229.6 Bioenergy & wastes: 64.0  <u>2011</u> Coal: 11.8 Manufactured fuels: 5.8 Petroleum: 1,456.6 Gas: 2,685.4 Electricity: 1,316.6 Bioenergy & wastes: 59.2	Petroleum: 1,047.4 Gas: 1,021.7 Electricity: 408.9 Bioenergy & wastes: 29.7  <u>2011</u> Coal: 47.5 Manufactured fuels: 9.9 Petroleum: 938.8 Gas: 1,204.7 Electricity: 419.1 Bioenergy & wastes: 16.2

<sup>15</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/total-final-energy-consumption-at-regional-and-local-authority-level>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Residential and non-residential properties in Flood Zones 2 and 3</b></p> <p>Number of fluvial and costal flood risk property counts within Flood Zones 2 and 3.</p> <p>Land within flood zone 2 is shown to have between a 1 in 100 and 1 in 1,000 annual probability of river flooding. Land within flood zone 3 is shown to have a 1 in 100 or greater annual probability of river flooding.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Environment Agency</p>	<p><u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 8,369 residential properties 781 non-residential properties Total 9,150 properties</p> <p><u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 5,281 residential properties 448 non-residential properties Total 5,729 properties</p>	<p><u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 5,583 residential properties 968 non-residential properties Total 6,551 properties</p> <p><u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 3,389 residential properties 745 non-residential properties Total 4,134 properties</p>	<p><u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 16,524 residential properties 3,172 non-residential properties Total 19,696 properties</p> <p><u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 8,269 residential properties 1,238 non-residential properties Total 9,507 properties</p>	<p><u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 10,880 residential properties 1,374 non-residential properties Total 12,254 properties</p> <p><u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 8,756 residential properties 1,136 non-residential properties Total 9,892 properties</p>

## Natural environment

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of open space managed to green flag award standard</b></p> <p>Number of winners awarded for Green Flag Award in 2023.</p> <p>The Green Flag Award is the benchmark national standard for publicly accessible parks and green spaces in the United Kingdom.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Green Flag Award website <a href="http://www.greenflagaward.org.uk">www.greenflagaward.org.uk</a></p>	<p><u>2 sites</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bramcote Hills Park</li> <li>• Colliers Wood</li> </ul>	<p><u>5 sites</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arnot Hill Park</li> <li>• Gedling Country Park</li> <li>• Burton Road Jubilee Park</li> <li>• Bestwood Country Park</li> <li>• Breck Hill Park</li> </ul>	<p><u>15 sites</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Arboretum</li> <li>▪ Bulwell Forest Recreation Ground</li> <li>▪ Bulwell (Northern) Cemetery</li> <li>▪ Colwick Country Park</li> <li>▪ Forest Recreation Ground</li> <li>▪ High Wood Cemetery</li> <li>▪ Highfields Park</li> <li>▪ Southern (Wilford Hill) Cemetery</li> <li>▪ Vernon Park</li> <li>▪ Victoria Embankment</li> <li>▪ Victoria Park</li> <li>▪ Wollaton Hall &amp; Deer Park</li> <li>▪ Woodthorpe Grange Park</li> <li>▪ Lenton Recreation Ground</li> <li>▪ Bulwell Bogs</li> </ul>	<p><u>2 sites</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Rushcliffe Country Park</li> <li>- Sharphill Wood</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Number of open space managed to other award standard</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of winners awarded for Green Flag Community Award and Green Heritage Award in 2023.				
<u>Source:-</u> Local authorities				

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number and area of Sites of Special Scientific Interest</b></p> <p>Number and area of Sites of Special Scientific Interest.</p> <p>Sites of Special Scientific Interest are designated by Natural England under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Natural England website<sup>16</sup></p>	<p><u>5 Sites of Special Scientific Interest:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Attenborough Gravel Pits (226.57 ha)</li> <li>• Kimberley Railway Cutting (5.37 ha)</li> <li>• Robbinetts (6.31 ha)</li> <li>• Seller's Wood (13.86 ha) (site overlaps with Nottingham City)</li> <li>• Sledder Wood Meadows (7.92 ha)</li> </ul>	<p><u>1 Site of Special Scientific Interest:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linby Quarries (38.69 ha)</li> </ul>	<p><u>3 Sites of Special Scientific Interest:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Colwick Cutting (2.07 ha)</li> <li>• Holme Pit (4.12 ha)</li> <li>• Seller's Wood (13.86 ha) (site overlaps with Broxtowe)</li> </ul>	<p><u>8 Sites of Special Scientific Interest:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Barnstone Railway cutting (1.51 ha)</li> <li>• Gotham Hill Pastures (8.46 ha)</li> <li>• Kinoulton Marsh and Canal (2.72 ha)</li> <li>• Normanton Pastures (16.34 ha)</li> <li>• Orston Plaster Pits (4.65 ha)</li> <li>• Rushcliffe Golf Course (19.48 ha)</li> <li>• Wilford Claypits (2.17 ha)</li> <li>• Willwell Cutting (LNR) (7.34 ha)</li> </ul>

<sup>16</sup> <https://designatedsites.naturalengland.org.uk>

### List of Sites of Special Scientific Interest

Name	Location	Reason for Designation
Attenborough Gravel Pits	Broxtowe	Attenborough Gravel Pits SSSI is a nationally important site for its lowland eutrophic open waters with emergent vegetation, wet floodplain woodland, unimproved floodplain grassland, a rich assemblage of breeding birds associated with lowland open waters and their margins, and wintering shoveler <i>Anas clypeata</i> and bittern <i>Botaurus stellaris</i> .
Kimberley Railway Cutting	Broxtowe	A key palaeobotanical locality yielding a distinctive Permian flora. Dominated by its common conifer remains this flora is also remarkable for the rare specimens of the pteridosperm <i>Lepidopteris martinsii</i> . A nationally important locality for its Permian gymnosperm floras, particularly representative of the predominantly Mesozoic Peltaspermaeae.
Robbinetts, Cossall	Broxtowe	This site contains one of the best examples of acidic grassland in the county. Its mosaic of grassland types, varying in wetness and acidity is typical of the West Nottinghamshire Coal Measures which now support few remaining areas of unimproved grassland.
Seller's Wood	Broxtowe	The site is a fine example of broad-leaved semi-natural woodland and is of Regional importance.
Sledder Wood Meadows	Broxtowe	The site comprises a fine series of species-rich neutral grasslands and is of Regional importance.
Linby Quarries	Gedling	The site is the best remaining area of mixed calcareous scrub in Nottinghamshire and is of Regional importance.
Colwick Cutting	Nottingham	This site is the type section of the Triassic Colwick Formation, a major rock unit comprising mudstones, siltstones and thin sandstone arranged in coarsening-upwards units. A variety of sedimentary structures including ripple marks, wavy bedding, halite pseudomorphs and abundant desiccation cracks are seen. The facies probably represents marine intertidal conditions, an environmental interpretation consistent with the discovery of the brachiopod <i>Lingula</i> elsewhere in the formation. The age of the formation is probably Anisian-Ladinian and it can be correlated with other 'Waterstones' facies in the English Midlands.
Holme Pit	Nottingham	The site contains some of the best remaining areas of marsh, reedswamp and open water in Nottinghamshire and is of Regional importance.
Seller's Wood	Nottingham	The site is a fine example of broad-leaved semi-natural woodland and is of Regional importance.

Barnstone Railway Cutting	Rushcliffe	<p>This site, a narrow, steep-sided disused railway cutting in the Lower Lias of south-east Nottinghamshire, supports the largest known population remaining in Britain of a nationally scarce moth. This species, considered vulnerable to extinction, is presently known only from four other sites in the country, hence the conservation and appropriate management of the cutting provides the best opportunity of retaining the moth in Britain. The site also supports a significant assemblage of notable and local insects, particularly beetles, moths and flies, which are characteristic of limestone grassland and wetlands of eastern England.</p> <p>The cutting is a mosaic of long grassland and scrub. The former is dominated by upright brome <i>Bromus erectus</i> and false oat grass <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i>, amongst which occur abundant black knapweed <i>Centaurea nigra</i>, wild carrot <i>Daucus carota</i>, quaking grass <i>Briza media</i>, field bindweed <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>, hoary ragwort <i>Senecio erucifolius</i>, and rough hawkbit <i>Leontodon hispidus</i>. Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i> and ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> are the commonest scrub species. Pools and a flowing ditch at the south-eastern end of the site comprise the wetland habitats in contrast to the dry grassy slopes. Reedmace <i>Typha latifolia</i> occurs in a tall fen vegetation with false fox sedge <i>Carex otrubae</i>, great willowherb <i>Epilobium hirsutum</i>, tufted hair grass <i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> and hard and jointed rushes <i>Juncus inflexus</i> and <i>J. articulatus</i>.</p>
Gotham Hill Pasture	Rushcliffe	The site comprises one of the best mixed pastures and associated grassland in Nottinghamshire, and is representative of species-rich grassland developed on calcareous and neutral clays in Central and Eastern England.
Kinoulton Marsh and Canal	Rushcliffe	<a href="http://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx?startTopic=Designations&amp;activelayer=sssIndex&amp;query=HYPERLINK='1000873'">http://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx?startTopic=Designations&amp;activelayer=sssIndex&amp;query=HYPERLINK='1000873'</a> The site includes some of the richest marsh and open water habitats remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of wetland plant communities on relatively base-rich soils in Central and Eastern England.
Normanton Pastures	Rushcliffe	The site comprises one of the best remaining examples of neutral pasture in Nottinghamshire, and is representative of species-rich grasslands developed on clay-loam soils in Central and Eastern England.
Orston Plaster Pits	Rushcliffe	The site comprises one of the best mixed-habitat sites in Nottinghamshire and contains examples of neutral and calcareous grassland and eutrophic open water communities which are representative of these habitats in central and eastern England.



Rushcliffe Golf Course	Rushcliffe	The site contains some of the best examples of calcareous and neutral grassland remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of species rich grassland on calcareous loam soils in Central and Eastern England.
Wilford Claypits	Rushcliffe	The site contains one of the best remaining areas of marsh in Nottinghamshire and is representative of marsh communities on somewhat base-rich soils in Central and Southern England.
Wilwell Cutting	Rushcliffe	The site contains some of the best examples of neutral grassland and marsh remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of these habitats in Central and Eastern England.

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number and area of National Nature Reserves</b></p> <p>Number and area of National Nature Reserves.</p> <p>National Nature Reserves were established to protect some of most important habitats, species and geology, and to provide 'outdoor laboratories' for research. For clarification, Sherwood Forest National Nature Reserve falls outside the HMA and Attenborough Nature Reserve in Broxtowe is not a National Nature Reserve.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website<sup>17</sup></p>	None	None	None	None

<sup>17</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-nature-reserves-in-england#east-midlands-nnrs>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number and area of Local Nature Reserves</b></p> <p>Number and area of Local Nature Reserves.</p> <p>Local Nature Reserves are non-statutory habitat of local significance designed by a local authority where protection and public understanding of nature conservation is encouraged under the powers of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>15 Local Nature Reserves:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alexandrina Plantation</li> <li>• Bramcote Hills Park Woodland</li> <li>• Brinsley Headstocks</li> <li>• Colliers Wood</li> <li>• Hall Om Wong</li> <li>• Hall Park</li> <li>• King George's Park</li> <li>• Nottingham Canal</li> <li>• Pit Lane Recreation Ground</li> <li>• Sandy Lane Public Open Space</li> <li>• Smithurst Meadows</li> <li>• Stapleford Hill</li> <li>• Toton Fields</li> <li>• Watnall Green</li> <li>• Watnall Spinney</li> </ul> <p>(total 121.2 ha)</p>	<p><u>5 Local Nature Reserves:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gedling Country Park</li> <li>• Gedling House Meadow</li> <li>• Gedling House Woods</li> <li>• Netherfield Lagoons</li> <li>• The Hobbucks</li> </ul> <p>(total 178.29 ha)</p>	<p><u>14 Local Nature Reserves:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beeston Sidings</li> <li>• Brecks Plantation</li> <li>• Bulwell Hall Park Meadows</li> <li>• Clifton Grove, Clifton Woods &amp; Holme Pit Pond</li> <li>• Colwick Woods</li> <li>• Glapton Wood</li> <li>• Harrison Plantation</li> <li>• Hucknall Road Linear Walkway</li> <li>• Martins Pond</li> <li>• Sandy Banks</li> <li>• Sellers Wood</li> <li>• Springfield Corner/ Moorbridge Pond</li> <li>• Sunrise Hill</li> <li>• Wollaton Park</li> </ul> <p>(total 302.97 ha)</p>	<p><u>8 Local Nature Reserves:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bingham Linear Walk</li> <li>• Keyworth Meadows</li> <li>• Meadow Covert</li> <li>• Rushcliffe Country Park</li> <li>• Sharpill Wood</li> <li>• Sutton Bonington Spinney and Meadow</li> <li>• The Hook</li> <li>• Wilwell Farm Cutting</li> </ul> <p>(total 87 ha)</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<b>Number and area of Local Wildlife Sites and Local Geological Sites</b>	140 Local Wildlife Sites Total 973.8 ha	78 Local Wildlife Sites Total 1,247.11 ha	54 Local Wildlife Sites Total 697 ha	219 Local Wildlife Sites Total 1,908 ha
Number and total area of Local Wildlife Sites and Local Geological Sites.	9 Local Geological Sites Total 3.89 ha	5 Local Geological Sites Total 20.68 ha	24 Local Geological Sites Total 8.96 ha	4 Local Geological Sites Total 3.12 ha
Local Wildlife Sites are a non-statutory designation used to identify high quality wildlife sites. They include semi-natural habitats such as ancient woodland and flower-rich grassland. Formerly known as Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINCs). Local Geological Sites are a non-statutory designation that is of local importance for its geological interest. Sites showing special geological features and/or representing the variation in the rock types. Formerly known as Regional important Geological Sites (RIGSs).	(2023)	(2023)	(2023)	(2023)
<u>Source:-</u> Nottinghamshire Biological & Geological Records Centre and Derbyshire Wildlife Trust				

<b>Woodland area</b>	Total 603.4 ha	Total 1,795.8 ha	Total 410.8 ha	Total 2,024.04 ha
<p>Type and area of woodland by hectares. Information taken from the Forestry Commission National Forest Inventory (dated March 2020).</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Forestry Commission</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Broadleaved: 500 ha</li> <li>• Conifer: 55.9 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 8.6 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Conifer: 11.1 ha</li> <li>• Coppice: 4.4 ha</li> <li>• Coppice with Standards: 0 ha</li> <li>• Young Trees: 11.1 ha</li> <li>• Low Density: 0 ha</li> <li>• Assumed Woodland: 3.9 ha</li> <li>• Ground Prepared for new planting: 0.6 ha</li> <li>• Shrub: 0 ha</li> <li>• Felled: 7.8 ha</li> <li>• Failed: 0 ha</li> <li>• Windblow: 0 ha</li> <li>• Uncertain: 0 ha</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Broadleaved: 1,053.6 ha</li> <li>• Conifer: 371.6 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 26.3 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Conifer: 34.8 ha</li> <li>• Coppice: 0 ha</li> <li>• Coppice with Standards: 0 ha</li> <li>• Young Trees: 116.7 ha</li> <li>• Low Density: 3.3 ha</li> <li>• Assumed Woodland: 30.9 ha</li> <li>• Ground Prepared for new planting: 79.0 ha</li> <li>• Shrub: 4.8 ha</li> <li>• Felled: 36.3 ha</li> <li>• Failed: 0 ha</li> <li>• Windblow: 0 ha</li> <li>• Uncertain: 0 ha</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Broadleaved: 386 ha</li> <li>• Conifer: 3.2 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 3 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Conifer: 2.2 ha</li> <li>• Coppice: 0 ha</li> <li>• Coppice with Standards: 0 ha</li> <li>• Young Trees: 9.8 ha</li> <li>• Low Density: 0 ha</li> <li>• Assumed Woodland: 0.4 ha</li> <li>• Ground Prepared for new planting: 0 ha</li> <li>• Shrub: 0 ha</li> <li>• Felled: 3.9 ha</li> <li>• Failed: 0 ha</li> <li>• Windblow: 0 ha</li> <li>• Uncertain: 0 ha</li> <li>• Open Water: 0.6 ha</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Broadleaved: 1,375.58 ha</li> <li>• Conifer: 158.03 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 55.78 ha</li> <li>• Mixed predominantly Conifer: 71.44 ha</li> <li>• Coppice: 0 ha</li> <li>• Coppice with Standards: 0 ha</li> <li>• Young Trees: 138.34 ha</li> <li>• Low Density: 0.55 ha</li> <li>• Assumed Woodland: 151.83 ha</li> <li>• Ground Prepared for new planting: 20.43 ha</li> <li>• Shrub: 14.13 ha</li> <li>• Felled: 28.61 ha</li> <li>• Failed: 0 ha</li> <li>• Windblow: 0 ha</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open Water: 0.9 ha</li> <li>• Grassland: 17.0 ha</li> <li>• Urban: 20.6 ha</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Grassland: 1.7 ha</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uncertain: 0 ha</li> <li>• Grassland: 8.14 ha</li> <li>• Urban: 0.57 ha</li> </ul>
<b>Ancient woodland area</b>	Total 175.9 ha	Total 56.6 ha	Total 49.3 ha	Total 84.98 ha
Type and area of ancient woodland by hectares.	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 125.8 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 50.1 ha	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 56.6 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 0 ha	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 43.2 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 6.1 ha	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 85.0 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 3.2 ha
<u>Source:-</u> Forestry Commission 2023				

## Historic environment

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number and area of Conservation Areas</b></p> <p>Number and name of Conservation Areas. Total area of Conservation Areas is provided.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>16 Conservation Areas:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Attenborough</li> <li>• Chilwell</li> <li>• Bramcote</li> <li>• Chilwell Cottage Grove</li> <li>• Brinsley</li> <li>• Eastwood</li> <li>• Church Street Stapleford</li> <li>• Nottingham Road Stapleford</li> <li>• Kimberley</li> <li>• Barratt Lane Attenborough</li> <li>• Nuthall</li> <li>• Cossall</li> <li>• Strelley</li> <li>• Beeston West End</li> <li>• St Johns Grove Beeston</li> <li>• Sandiacre</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 276.7 ha</p>	<p><u>6 Conservation Areas:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bestwood Village</li> <li>• Calverton</li> <li>• Lambley</li> <li>• Linby</li> <li>• Papplewick</li> <li>• Woodborough</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 181.25 ha</p>	<p><u>32 Conservation Areas:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alfreton Road/Gamble Street</li> <li>• Arboretum</li> <li>• Basford Hall</li> <li>• Bulwell</li> <li>• Canning Circus</li> <li>• Castle</li> <li>• Clifton Village</li> <li>• Elm Avenue and Corporation Oaks</li> <li>• Forest Grove</li> <li>• Hine Hall</li> <li>• Lace Market</li> <li>• Mapperley Hospital</li> <li>• Mapperley Park and Alexandra Park</li> <li>• Middleton Boulevard</li> <li>• New Lenton</li> <li>• Nottingham Canal</li> <li>• Old Lenton</li> </ul>	<p><u>31 Conservation Areas:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aslockton</li> <li>• Bingham</li> <li>• Bradmore</li> <li>• Bunny</li> <li>• Car Colston</li> <li>• Colston Bassett</li> <li>• Costock</li> <li>• Cropwell Bishop</li> <li>• Cropwell Butler</li> <li>• East Bridgford</li> <li>• East Leake</li> <li>• Edwalton</li> <li>• Flintham</li> <li>• Granby</li> <li>• Hawksworth</li> <li>• Hickling</li> <li>• Keyworth</li> <li>• Kneeton</li> <li>• Langar</li> <li>• Normanton on the Wolds</li> <li>• Orston</li> <li>• Ruddington</li> <li>• Scarrington</li> <li>• Sutton Bonington</li> <li>• Thoroton</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Old Market Square</li> <li>• Old Sneinton</li> <li>• Sherwood Rise</li> <li>• Sneinton Market</li> <li>• Star Buildings</li> <li>• Station</li> <li>• Strelley</li> <li>• The Cedars</li> <li>• The Park</li> <li>• Waterloo Promenade</li> <li>• Wellington Circus</li> <li>• Wilford House</li> <li>• Wilford Village</li> <li>• Wollaton Park</li> <li>• Wollaton Village</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 888 ha</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thrumpton</li> <li>• Upper Broughton</li> <li>• Upper Saxondale</li> <li>• West Leake</li> <li>• Whatton in the Vale</li> <li>• Wysall</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 1,078 ha</p>



	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of Listed Buildings</b></p> <p>Number of Listed Buildings by Grade I, Grade II* and Grade II in 2023.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage<sup>18</sup></p>	<p><u>Total 156</u> 5 Grade I 11 Grade II* 140 Grade II</p> <p>See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing</p>	<p><u>Total 195</u> 6 Grade I 15 Grade II* 174 Grade II</p> <p>See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing</p>	<p><u>Total 806</u> 11 Grade I 39 Grade II* 756 Grade II</p> <p>See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing</p>	<p><u>Total 682</u> 35 Grade I 22 Grade II* 625 Grade II</p> <p>See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing</p>
<p><b>Number of Scheduled Monuments</b></p> <p>Number of Scheduled Monuments in 2023.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage<sup>19</sup></p>	<p><u>6 Scheduled Monuments:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Anglian high Cross in the churchyard of St Helen's Church</li> <li>• Beauvale Carthusian Priory</li> <li>• Coal mining remains at Broad Oak Farm</li> <li>• Fishponds 90m south east St Mary's Church</li> <li>• Greasley Castle</li> <li>• Moat and fishpond at Strelley, 240m</li> </ul>	<p><u>9 Scheduled Monuments:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bestwood Colliery engine house</li> <li>• Cockpitt Hill, Ramsdale Park</li> <li>• Fox Wood earthworks</li> <li>• Papplewick Pumping Station</li> <li>• Round Hill</li> <li>• Site of Abbey Church</li> <li>• Standing Cross known as Bottom Cross</li> </ul>	<p><u>10 Scheduled Monuments:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cellar under No 8, Castle Gate</li> <li>• Rock cut houses N of Castle Boulevard</li> <li>• Rock cut houses S of Nottingham Castle</li> <li>• Caves at Drury Hill</li> <li>• Medieval city wall</li> <li>• Nottingham Castle</li> <li>• St John Baptist's Church and</li> </ul>	<p><u>27 Scheduled Monuments:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bingham medieval settlement, immediately west of Carnarvon School</li> <li>• Civil War gun battery 50m south west of St Peters and St Paul's Church</li> <li>• Civil War gun battery and covered way immediately</li> </ul>

<sup>18</sup> <https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list>

<sup>19</sup> <https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
	SE of All Saints' Church	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standing Cross known as Top Cross</li> <li>• Two Roman camps 350m north east of Lodge Farm</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>graveyard, Colwick</li> <li>• Dovecote 600m east of Home Farm</li> <li>• Lenton Priory</li> <li>• Caves under Nos 3-7 Middle Pavement</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>south east of Wiverton Hall</li> <li>• Cranmer's Mound: motte castle, prospect mound, moated fishponds, enclosure, hollow way and ridge and furrow</li> <li>• Dovecote 240m east of Home Farm</li> <li>• Dovecote at Manor Farm</li> <li>• Henge 850m south east of Foss Road Farm</li> <li>• Margidunum Roman Station</li> <li>• Medieval market cross and 19th century commemorative cross</li> <li>• Medieval village including monastic college, chapel, moat, fishponds, dovecote and</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
				<p>open field system 200m south of Manor Farm</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minor Romano-British villa, moat and associated medieval manorial and village earthworks, including six fishponds</li> <li>• Moat, fishpond, enclosures, hollow way and postmill mound 600m north-west of Barland Fields</li> <li>• Moat, two fishponds, boundary bank and ditch and two leats</li> <li>• Moated site and fishponds 225m north of Wiverton Hall</li> <li>• Motte and bailey castle adjacent to River Trent</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Newbold medieval settlement and part of the open field system, 330m north east of Manor Farm</li> <li>• Old Trent Bridge</li> <li>• Roman site on Red Hill</li> <li>• Romano-British nucleated enclosed settlement and Roman villa complex at Glebe Farm</li> <li>• Saxon cemetery SW of Broughton Lodge</li> <li>• St Mary's Church</li> <li>• St Wilfrid's Church and churchyard</li> <li>• Standing cross on Upper Broughton village green</li> <li>• Succession of rectilinear</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
				enclosures SW of Shelford Manor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thorpe in the Glebe medieval settlement, including church site and open field system</li> <li>• Two moats and five fishponds at Top Green</li> <li>• Anglo-Saxon cremation cemetery 750m west of Rempstone Hall</li> </ul>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number and area of Parks and Garden</b></p> <p>Number and area of Parks and Garden in 2023.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage<sup>20</sup></p>	<p>None</p> <p>Total area: 0 ha</p>	<p><u>4 Parks and Gardens:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bestwood Pumping Station</li> <li>• Newstead Abbey</li> <li>• Papplewick Hall</li> <li>• Papplewick Pumping Station</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 15.35 ha</p>	<p><u>10 Parks and Gardens:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bagthorpe Gardens</li> <li>• Church Cemetery (AKA Rock Cemetery)</li> <li>• Clifton Grove</li> <li>• General Cemetery</li> <li>• Gorseyclose Gardens</li> <li>• Highfields Park</li> <li>• Nottingham Arboretum</li> <li>• Victoria Embankment Memorial Gardens</li> <li>• Wollaton Park</li> <li>• Jewish Burial Ground, North Sherwood Street</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 315 ha</p> <p>The Castle is not included as it is not officially a designated park.</p>	<p><u>4 Parks and Gardens:-</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flintham Hall</li> <li>• Holme Pierrepont Hall</li> <li>• Kingston Hall</li> <li>• Stanford Hall</li> </ul> <p>Total area: 256.3 ha</p>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of heritage assets – at risk</b></p> <p>Number of heritage assets at risk in 2023.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Historic England’s Heritage at Risk webpage<sup>21</sup></p>	<p><u>7 heritage assets at risk:-</u></p> <p>3 Listed Buildings:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Summer House, at The Yews, Kimberley Road</li> <li>• Bennerley Viaduct</li> <li>• Willoughby Almshouses and adjoining Boundary Wall, Church Lane, Cossall</li> </ul> <p>3 Conservation Areas:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Eastwood</li> <li>• Kimberley</li> <li>• Nuthall</li> </ul> <p>1 Scheduled Monument:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Greasley Castle</li> </ul>	<p><u>5 heritage assets at risk:-</u></p> <p>3 Listed Buildings:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Church of the Good Shepard, Woodthorpe</li> <li>• Porch to Engine House, Papplewick</li> <li>• Newstead Abbey and adjoining boundary wall, Newstead</li> </ul> <p>2 Scheduled Monuments:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Round Hill, Lambley</li> <li>• Papplewick Pumping Station, Ravenshead</li> </ul>	<p><u>22 heritage assets at risk:-</u></p> <p>7 Listed Buildings:-</p> <p>1 Conservation Areas:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul> <p>1 Scheduled Monument:-</p>	<p><u>6 heritage assets at risk:-</u></p> <p>1 Listed Building:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flintham Hall Conservatory</li> </ul> <p>3 Places of worship</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Church of St Giles Cropwell Bishop</li> <li>• Church of St Andrew Langar</li> <li>• Church of St Helen Thoroton</li> </ul> <p>2 Scheduled Monuments:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Margidunum Roman Station nr East Bridgford</li> <li>• Rectilinear enclosures Shelford</li> </ul>
<p><b>Number of accredited museums</b></p>	<p><u>1 accredited museum:-</u></p>	<p><u>2 accredited museums:-</u></p>	<p><u>8 accredited museums:-</u></p>	<p><u>1 accredited museum:-</u></p>

<sup>20</sup> <https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list>

<sup>21</sup> <https://historicengland.org.uk/advice/heritage-at-risk>

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p>Number of accredited museums in 2023.</p> <p>Non-accredited museums are not included such as Nottingham Transport Heritage Centre/Great Central Railway, Ruddington Framework Knitters Museum and Ruddington Village Museum in Rushcliffe.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities <a href="https://www.artscouncil.org.uk/accreditation-scheme/about-accreditation#section-4">https://www.artscouncil.org.uk/accreditation-scheme/about-accreditation#section-4</a></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DH Lawrence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Papplewick Pumping Station</li> <li>• Newstead Abbey</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nottingham Castle</li> <li>• Museum of Nottingham Life</li> <li>• Wollaton Hall Natural History Museum</li> <li>• Nottingham Industrial Museum, Wollaton Park</li> <li>• Greens Windmill, Sneinton</li> <li>• Galleries of Justice</li> <li>• Museum of the Mercian Regiment (hosted within Castle)</li> <li>• Museum of Archaeology, University of Nottingham</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flintham Museum</li> </ul>



## Sustainable use of materials

<b>Mineral Safeguarded Areas – Economic Resource</b>		<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
Defined by area (hectares). * Safeguarded areas around existing sand quarries. ** Single Hard Rock Limestone Quarry at Linby.  <u>Source:-</u> Nottinghamshire County Council. Data is based on the British Geological Survey 2003. Digital Geological Map of Great Britain 1:625 000 [DiGiMap-625] Superficial Deposits [CD-Rom] Version 1.0 Keyworth, Nottingham : British Geological Survey. Release date 30-04-2003.	Surface Coal	3,891 ha	0 ha	446 ha	0 ha
	Sand and Gravel	1,122 ha	463 ha	1,368 ha	3,627 ha
	Sherwood Sandstone	0 ha	463 ha *	0 ha	363 ha *
	Brick Clay	0 ha	1,725 ha	0 ha	0 ha
	Limestone	0 ha	3 ha **	0 ha	0 ha
	Gypsum	0 ha	0 ha	0 ha	0 ha

## Traveller sites

	<b>Broxtowe</b>	<b>Gedling</b>	<b>Nottingham</b>	<b>Rushcliffe</b>
<p><b>Number of gypsy and traveller pitches and travelling showpeople plots</b></p> <p>Number of pitches and plots.</p> <p>Annex 1: Glossary of the Planning Policy for Travellers Sites (2015) provides the following definitions: “pitch” means as a pitch on a “gypsy and traveller” site and “plot” means a pitch on a “travelling showpeople” site (often called a “yard”). This terminology differentiates between residential pitches for “gypsies and travellers” and mixed-use plots for “travelling showpeople”, which may / will need to incorporate space or to be split to allow for the storage of equipment.</p> <p><u>Source:-</u> Local authorities</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023</u></p> <p>0</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023</u></p> <p>0</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023</u></p> <p>0</p> <p>There were no transit pitches and 60 permanent pitches (including 20 travelling show people) are known to exist in the council area (2018)</p>	<p><u>2011 to 2023</u></p> <p>14</p> <p>2022/23: 0 2021/22: 0 2020/21: 0 2019/20: 0 2018/19: 6 2017/18: 0 2016/17: 3 2015/16: 0 2014/15: 0 2013/14: 0 2012/13: 4 2011/12: 1</p> <p>Notes Rushcliffe only monitor number of caravans</p>

